

GRAMMAR SPOT

- 1 Which two sentences mean the same?

am allowed to	stay at my sister's house tonight.
I can	
have to	

Which sentence expresses obligation? Which sentences express permission?

- 2 Complete the sentences with *have to* or *don't have to*.

Children _____ go to school.
Millionaires _____

work.

You _____ go to England if you want to learn English.

In England, you _____ drive on the left.

- 3 *Have got to* and *have to* both express obligation. *Have got to* refers to an obligation now or soon. It's often reduced to *gotta* /'gɒtə/ when we speak, especially in American English.

I've got to go now. Bye!



PRACTICE

Discussing grammar

- 1 Put these sentences into the negative, the question, and the past.

- Henry can swim.
Henry can't swim. Can Henry swim? Henry could swim.
- I have to wear a uniform.
- She has to work hard.
- He can do what he likes.
- We're allowed to wear jeans.

Talking about you

- 2 Look at the chart. Make true sentences about you and your family.

I don't have to do the cooking.

A	B	C
I		go to work.
My parents	have to	get up early.
My mother	has to	go shopping.
My father	don't have to	clean my room.
My sister	doesn't have to	do the cooking.
My brother	had to	take out the rubbish.
My grandparents	didn't have to	do the washing.
My husband/wife		do the washing-up.

Compare your sentences with a partner.

- 3 Complete the sentences with *'ve got to*/*'s got to* and a line from C in exercise 2.

- Where's my briefcase? I _____.
- Look at those dirty plates! We _____.
- Noor and Latifa don't have any food in their house. They _____.
- John needs to get an alarm clock. He _____ tomorrow.
- I haven't got any clean socks. I _____.
- The chef's ill, so the waiter _____.

T 4.3 Listen and check. Practise saying the sentences.

- 4 Work in groups. Talk about your school.

- Are/Were your teachers strict?
- What are/were you allowed to do?
- What aren't/weren't you allowed to do?