



# Physical Chemistry\_Cht One Properties of Gases

**PR8**

Name of a student

*C<sub>2</sub> بـ زهاد*

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No.

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Q1: Circle the right answer for all of the following:

- 1: Calculate the weight of C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub> gas ( $26 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$ ) in a 10000 Cm<sup>3</sup> cylinder at 1520 mmHg and 90 °C.  
**Answer:** a) 17.47 g<sup>-1</sup> mol<sup>-1</sup>   b) 17.47 g<sup>-1</sup>   c) 17.47 mol   d) 17.47 g   e) 17.47 mg

2: When  $V_{\text{Real}} > V_{\text{Perfect}}$ , this means that the gas is:

- Answer:** a) perfect   b) noble   c) real   d) heavy

3: The difference between real and ideal gas equation, that the ideal gas equation is not interested in?

- Answer:** a) p<sub>gas</sub> & n<sub>gas</sub>   b) V<sub>container</sub> & p<sub>attraction</sub>   c) V<sub>gas</sub> & p<sub>attraction</sub>   d) T<sub>gas</sub> & p<sub>gas</sub>

4: Calculate the density of C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub> is placed in a 50000 Cm<sup>3</sup> container at 760 torr and 273 K.

- Answer:** a) 1.16 g L<sup>-1</sup>   b) 1.16 g<sup>-1</sup> L   c) 1.16 g L<sup>-1</sup>   d) 1.16 mg L<sup>-1</sup>

5: Graham's law studies the \_\_\_\_\_ of the gas.

- Answer:** a) flow   b) collision   c) diffusion   d) effusion

6: The right formula of the Dalton's law is?

- Answer:** a)  $p_i = \chi_i \sum p_i$    b)  $p_i = \chi_i \sum p_T$    c)  $p_T = \chi_i \sum p_i$    d)  $p_i = \chi_T p_T$

7: The law of Corresponding states is an evidence that the gas is?

- Answer:** a) real   b) ideal   c) expanded   d) compressed   e) heavy

8: The total mol fractions of atmospheric pressure of air is equal to?

- Answer:** a) zero   b) one   c) two   d) three

9: A gas occupies  $30 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^3$  at 75 °C and 76 CmHg pressure. What would be its volume at STP?

- Answer:** a) 23.5 dm<sup>3</sup>   b) 23.5 m<sup>2</sup>   c) 23.5 L<sup>-1</sup>   d) 23.5 m<sup>-3</sup>

10: When the value of Z &gt; 1 this means the dominated forces are:

- Answer:** a) attraction   b) van der Waal   c) repulsion   d) compression

Q2: The following data have been observed for 5000 mg of unknown gas at 0 °C. Calculate the best value of the

molar mass of this gas, and what is it?

p/10 <sup>5</sup> Pa	0.75	0.60	0.25	(25 points)
V/dm <sup>3</sup>	9.33	11.60	27.50	

Q3: A perfect gas undergoes isothermal compression, which reduces its volume by 1.80 dm<sup>3</sup>. The p<sub>f</sub> and V<sub>f</sub> ofthe gas are 197 atm and 2.14 dm<sup>3</sup>, respectively. Calculate the p<sub>original</sub> of the gas in (a) bar, (b) torr. (25 points)

$$P_1 V_1 = P_2 V_2$$

$$V_2 = \frac{V_1}{C}$$

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With best my wishes

Dr Abduljabbar I. R. Rushdi

$$\underline{\underline{PM = \rho RT}}$$

Q20-

①

$$atm \approx 101,325 Pa$$

$$P_{atm} = \frac{0.75}{101,325} = 0.007 \text{ atm}$$

$$1L = 10^{-3} m^3 = 9.33L$$

$$PM = \frac{Pm}{RT}$$

$$M = \frac{mRT}{PV}$$

$$M = \frac{(0.007)(5000)(9.33)}{(0.082)(0)} = 326.59$$

②

$$M = \frac{PMV}{RT}$$

$$M = \frac{(0.006 \text{ atm})(5000)(11.60L)}{(0.082)(0)}$$

$$M = 348 \text{ g}$$

$$③ M = \frac{PMV}{RT}$$

$$M = \frac{(0.002 \text{ atm})(5000 \text{ mg})(27.5L)}{(0.082)(0)}$$

$$M = 2759$$

The equation have asked about molar mass  
افضل كثافة هي 2759

Q3 :-  $V_r = \frac{V}{V_c}$

$$1.80 = \frac{V}{2.14}$$

$$V = 3.9 L$$

$$P_1 V_1 = P_2 V_2$$

$$P_1(3.9) = (197)(2.14)$$

$$3.9 P_1 = 42.158$$

$$P_1 = 108.09 \text{ atm}$$

$$1L = 10dm^3$$

$$1L = 1.80L$$

$$1L = 2.14L$$

$$\frac{2.14}{1.80} = 1.17$$

Q3 25