

perties of Gases

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University of Mustansiriyah

1st Semester-2021

Department of Chemistry

1st Exam-paper A

Q1: Circle the right answer for all of the following: (Silver of color of all it is it is

1: If a gas has a non-polar particle then the difference between the volume of this gas is:

Answer:

a) V_{Real} > V_{Perfect}

b) VReal VPerfect

c) V_{Real} = V_{Perfect}

2: A gas occupies 300000 mL at 130 °C and 760 mmHg pressure. What would be its volume at STP?

Answer:

a) 203.22 mL

b) 203.22 dm³

c) 204 L

d) 204 dm3

3: Calculate the weight of CH₄ (16 g.mol⁻¹) in a 10 L cylinder at 15 x 10⁵ Pa and 307 K.

a) 95.33 g mol b) 95.33 g c) 95.33 mol d) 95.33 kg

4: Calculate the number of moles for CH₄ in a 10000 mL cylinder at 10⁶ Pa and 32 °C.

Answer: (a) 4.5 mol b) 4.0 mol c) 4.0 mmol d) 4.5 mmol Stratgor ist

5: According to Graham's law the heaviest gas is?

Answer:

a) H₂O

(b) CH4

6: A 20 L tank contains a certain amount of gas at 10⁵ Pa. The gas is transferred to another tank 40 dm³. What should be its pressure?

a) 0.50 atm b) 50 dm³ c) 50 atm d) 0.50 mmHg

7: According to the Avogadro's law the amount of a substance is directly proportional with?

a) p

b) T

c) R

d) V

8: The difference between real and ideal gas is one of the following?

a) law p & high T b) high p & law T

c) high p & high T

d) law p & law 1

9: It can know the density of a gas by applying one of the following?

Answer: (a) Van der Waal's law (b) Graham's law (c) Charles's law (d) Gay-Lussac's law

10: If V_m is bigger than V^O_m then this means the behaviour of a gas is?

a) Real b) Ideal c) Real & ideal (d) Z < 1

Q2: A (28 mol) gas sample has a mass of 10000 mg. The volume of a container is 22 dm³ at a temperature of 76

^oC and a pressure of 641 Torr. What is the density of the gas?

(25 points) 1001 120 pp 00/16

Q3: An Ar gas is placed in a container at 30 °C at a pressure of 730 torr. What is the volume of the container in

ml?

(25 points)

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Best wishes

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Q2 n=28mol m=10000mg V=22dm3 T=7600 P=641 torr t=2 T=7600+273=349K P= Clatm x 641 torr) / 760 torr = 0.043 atm m= 10000 1000 $M = \frac{m}{n} = \frac{109}{28 \text{ mol}} = 0.3579/\text{mol}$ O2 23 PM=LRT > d= PM -) d= 6.043 gtm X0.3579/moi 0.082 Lath/mol. K X 349 K = 4.25 X10 3 9/L T=300° 6P=730 torr 6 V= 2, 6n= 1mol T=308+273=303K P = Clath X 730 torr)/760 torr = 0.96 atm PV= NRT V= NRT Q3 25 V= 11x01 X0.028 L.9EM/Wol.K x 303K = 8.84'L 0.96 g/m V=8.84LX1000 = 8.,840mL