



## Physical Chemistry-Properties of Gases

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1<sup>st</sup> Semester-2021

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1<sup>st</sup> Exam-paper A

Q1: Circle the right answer for all of the following:

(50 degrees)

1: A vessel of 100 L capacity contains a certain amount of gas at 50 °C and 0.5 bar pressure. The gas is transferred to another vessel has a pressure of 5 bar at 50 °C. What should be the volume of the vessel?

Answer: a) 10 bar      b) 10 dm<sup>3</sup>      c) 0.1 dm<sup>3</sup>      d) 0.1 bar

2: What is the right formula of the Graham's law of effusion?

Answer: a)  $\frac{r_1}{r_2} = \left(\frac{r_2}{M_1}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$       b)  $\frac{r_1}{r_2} = \left(\frac{M_1}{M_2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$       c)  $\frac{d_1}{d_2} = \left(\frac{M_2}{M_1}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$       d)  $\frac{r_1}{r_2} = \left(\frac{d_2}{M_1}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

3: Calculate Z for a gas if T is 22 °C, V<sub>m</sub> is 5 dm<sup>3</sup> mol<sup>-1</sup> and p is 3 bar.

Answer: a) 0.62 °C      b) 6.2 K      c) 0.62      d) 6.2

4: Calculate the molar mass of O<sub>2</sub> (16 g.mol<sup>-1</sup>) in a 4 L cylinder at 9 atm and 281 K.

Answer: a) 32 g.mol<sup>-1</sup>      b) 32 g      c) 50 g.mol<sup>-1</sup>      d) 50 g

5: Calculate the V<sup>o</sup>m of a gas, if p is 1 atm and temperature is 32 °C.

Answer: a) 25 K      b) 25 atm      c) 25 L mol<sup>-1</sup>      d) 25 mol

6: If the attraction forces are negligible, that means the gas is?

Answer: a) real      b) noble      c) perfect      d) expands

7: According to the Dalton's law the unit of the mole fraction is?

Answer: a) mol      b) dm<sup>3</sup>      c) psi      d) free of units

8: What is the partial pressure of a gas in a mixture if the X<sub>i</sub> is 0.1, and under atmospheric pressure?

Answer: a) 760 mmHg      b) 10 bar      c) 0.1 atm      d) 1 bar

9: If the value of R is 0.082 then the unit of pressure is?

Answer: a) Pascal      b) mmHg      c) Psi      d) bar

10: What is the right equation of one of the following?

Answer: a) p<sub>r</sub>p<sub>c</sub> = p      b) p<sub>r</sub>p = p<sub>c</sub>      c) p<sub>r</sub>/p<sub>c</sub> = p      d) p<sub>r</sub> = p<sub>c</sub>p

Q2: Calculate the mass of 335 mL of sulfur dioxide (64 g mol<sup>-1</sup>) measured at 37 °C and 745 mm Hg pressure.?

(25 degrees)

Q3: Calculate the volume of 0.25 g of oxygen at 25 °C and 742 mm Hg pressure.

(25 degrees)

$$Q2/ V = 335 \text{ mL} = \frac{335}{1000} = 0.335 \text{ L} \quad ? \equiv \text{units}$$

$$T = 37^\circ\text{C}$$

$$P = 745 \text{ mm Hg} = 37^\circ\text{C} + 273 = 310 \text{ K}$$

$$M = 64 \text{ g/mol}$$

$$760 \text{ mm Hg} = 0.980 \text{ atm}$$

$$PV = nRT = \frac{m}{M} \cdot \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{0.980 \text{ atm} \times 0.335 \text{ L}}{0.082 \text{ L atm} / \text{mol} \cdot \text{K} \times 310 \text{ K}}$$

$$= 1241.1 \text{ mole}$$

How to get this no. It's too big

$$n \times M$$

$$m = n \times M$$

$$1241.1 \text{ mole} \times 64 \text{ g/mol} = 794.3 \text{ g}$$

$$Q_2/25$$

$$Q3/ P = 742 \text{ mm Hg}$$

$$V = ? \quad (m = 0.28 \text{ g}) \quad T = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

$$PV = \frac{n \cdot RT}{M} = \frac{m}{M} \cdot \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{0.28 \text{ g}}{16 \text{ g/mol}} = 0.015 \text{ mol}$$

$$V = \frac{nRT}{P} = \frac{0.015 \text{ mol} \times 0.082 \frac{\text{L} \cdot \text{atm}}{\text{mol} \cdot \text{K}} \times 298 \text{ K}}{0.976 \text{ atm}}$$

$$V = 0.375 \text{ L}$$

$$Q_3/25$$