English Language Exam Dr. Thaer Obaid

First Stage

Department of Atmospheric Sciences

Time: one hour 2017-2018

# Q1. Give the past and past participle of the following irregular verbs (Seven only).

Q2. 0100 the pattern p							
No.	Base	Past	Past Participle	No.	Base	Past	Past Participle
1	be	was, were	been	5	cost	cost	cost
2	become	became	become	6	eat	ate	eaten
2		bought	bought	7	grow	arew	nworp
3	buy			/		1	heard
Δ	catch	Caught	caught	8	hear	heard	1100.7

## Q2. Match the questions and the answers (Six only):

Q2. Material and questions						
Questions	Answers					
Where were you born?	a. By bus.	1	d			
	. I'm a teacher.	2	9			
·	c. Three.	3	b			
	d. In Australia.	4	<b>C</b>			
	e. Because I need it for my job.	5	F			
		6	P			
i i		7	e			
		Questions  Answers  Where were you born?  Are you married?  What do you do?  How many children do you have?  How far is it from London to Manchester?  How do you come to school?  Answers  a. By bus.  I'm a teacher.  c. Three.  d. In Australia.  e. Because I need it for my job.  f. About 300 km.	QuestionsAnswersWhere were you born?a. By bus.1Are you married?b. I'm a teacher.2What do you do?c. Three.3How many children do you have?d. In Australia.4How far is it from London to Manchester?e. Because I need it for my job.5How do you come to school?f. About 300 km.6			

03 D.	t one of the following auxiliaries into each gap (Eight only). am is are do does
Α.	Hello.
В.	Hello. Is that Layla?
C.	Yes. Who (a)
D.	This is Ali, from Baghdad. (b)
Α.	Of course I do. What (c)
В.	Are you on your own!
A.	Are you on your own?
В.	No. I'm here with my wife. I'm married now.
A.	Oh! What (e).dee رستند المسلك المنافعة المسلك المنافعة المسلك المنافعة المسلك المنافعة المسلك المنافعة المنافع
	She's a dentist.
A.	How interesting!
	Anyway. How are you?
A.	I'm fine. I (f). Still studying. Listen. Where are you?
В.	Well, we (g). A.C. Staying in a hotel very near to you. It's called The Sheraton. (h) You know it?
Α.	Yes, of course, It's a lovely hotel – very expensive! (i) your wife like it?
В.	Yes, she does. Layla, what (j) you doing tonight? Are you free? We'd like you to have dinner with

us, here in the hotel. A. That's lovely! What time?

B. About 8.00?

A. Bye. Layla.

Q4. Choose the more suitable answer (Eight only).	(a) since (b) ago (c) for (d) at	دنه اسعال برده
1. He traveled to Istanbul Five years	(a) since (b) ago (c) for (d) at	وأس تأية مطفا وممع
	( ) and all (b) want (a) are worting	

2. Come on tell me what you...... to do now. (a) wanted (b) want (c) are wanting (d) will want
3. Where...... tonight? (a) you go (b) going (c) are you going (d) had you gone

(a) Tell (b) Say (c) Speak (d) Talk 4. Ok. ..... Me about it.

Two the view

5. Mike: Please go away. I'm ....... a letter. I need some quite. (a) Written (b) wrote (c) writing (d) will write

6. I ...... at home with my parents and my sister. (a) am living (b) lived (c) will be live (d) live

7. She ...... with an English family for a month. Taplives (b) live (c) is living (d) living 8. Maria...... from Chile. عن من المنافع المن (a) comes (b) is coming (c) come (d) has came (a) studies (b) is going to study (c) will study (d) studied (a) said (b) are saying (c) had said (d) say always (a) noun (b) adverb (c) adjective (d) preposition. 10. Tom: That's what you always ......... 11. Never is ....... Q5. (A) Write two sentences that show different meanings. put this pepsi can in the refrigerator Sentence 1 Sentence 2 Can you lift this we juggage can what does that mean? This man is mean mean Q5. (B) Fill the blanks depending on what you have studied in your lectures. 1. We can community with other people in many different ways. 2. Bees dance and tell other bees where to find food. 3. Joy Darling is a Restwoman and she drives a van to help doing her work. Q6. Read this passage carefully and answer the questions. Mr. Smith gave his wife ten pounds for her birthday-ten pretty pound notes. So the day after her birthday, Mrs. Smith went shopping. She queued for a bus; got on and sat down next to an old lady. After a while, she noticed that the old lady's handbag was open. Inside it, she saw a wad of pound notes exactly like the ones her husband had given her. So she quickly looked into her own bag - the notes had gone! Mrs. Smith was sure that the old lady who was sitting next to her had stolen them. She thought she would have to call the police; but as she disliked making a fuss and getting people into trouble she decided to take back the money from the old lady's handbag and say nothing more about it. She looked round the bus to make sule nobody was watching, then she carefully put her hand into the old tady's bag took the notes and put them in her own bag. When she got home that evening, she showed her hasband the beautiful hat she had bought. "How did you pay for it?" he asked. "With the money you gave me for my birthday, of course," she replied. "Oh? What's that, then?" he asked, as he pointed to a wad of ten pound notes on the table. 1- Mr. Smith gave his wife: a) A few pounds for the weekly shopping. b) A sum of money for their wedding anniversary. c) Some pretty notes for their son's birthday. d) Some money for her birthday. 2- Waiting at her bus stop, there were: a) Few people. b) A lot of people. c) Some old ladies. d) Not reported. 3- On the bus, Mrs. Smith sat: a) Near the woman conductor. b) Behind and old woman. c) Next to a policeman. d) Beside an old woman. 4- She became suspicious when she saw: a) Some money in her fellow-passenger's open bag. b) The old lady looking at her handbag. c) A woman trying to open her bag. d) A roll of one pound notes in the lady's bag. هذه ليست نقود 5- Mrs. Smith thought the passenger next to her: a) Had called the police. b) Would make a scene. c) Had taken her money. d) Would get her into trouble. 6- Mrs. Smith looked round to see if: a) The police were coming. b) The woman had put back the notes. c) Anyone was looking at her. d) The money was still in the bag. 7- She decided not to say anything about the money because: a) She was not sure the woman had taken it. b) She was afraid of being arrested c) She felt sorry for the young woman sitting next to her. d) \$he didn't want to cause trouble by complaining loudly.

b) If the hat had been expensive.

d) Why she had paid ten pounds for the hat.

8- Her husband wanted to know:

a) How she had bought the hat.

c) How much she had paid for the hat.

<b>English</b>	Exam	14-5-	2018
----------------	------	-------	------

Name:

Division:

### Q1/[15 marks] Read the following passage and then answer the questions:

Elizabeth Blackwell was born in England in 1821, and emigrated to New York City when she was ten years old. One day she decided that she wanted "to become a doctor". That was nearly impossible for a woman in the middle of the ninetieth century. After writing many letters seeking admission to the medical schools, she was finally accepted by a doctor in Philadelphia. So determined was she that she taught school and gave music lessons to earn money for her tuition.

In 1849, after graduation from medical school, she decided to further her education in Paris. She wanted to be a surgeon, but a serious eye infection forced her to abandon the idea. Upon returning to the United States, she found it difficult to start her own practice because she was a woman. By 1857 Elizabeth and her sister, also a doctor along with another female doctor, managed to open a new hospital, first for women and children. Besides being the first female physician and founding her own hospital, she also established the first medical school for women.

established the first medical school for women.
1: Why couldn't Elizabeth realize her dream of becoming a surgeon?
(a) She couldn't get admitted to medical school. (b) She decided to further her education in Paris. (c)
A serious eye infection prevented. (d) It was difficult for her to start practice in the U.S.
2: What main reason almost destroyed Elizabeth's chances for becoming a doctor? (a)
She was a woman. (b) She wrote too many letters. (c) She couldn't graduate from medical school. (d)
She couldn't establish her hospital.
3: How many years passed between her graduation from medical school and the opening of her
hospital? (a) 8. (b) 10. (c) 19. (d) 36.
4: When Elizabeth became a doctor, she was years old. (a) 21. (b) 49 (c) 28 (d) 31
5: All of the following are: "first" in the life of Elizabeth Blackwell, except: (a) She became the first

(b) She was the first woman surgeon. (c) She and several other women founded the first

(d) She established the first medical school for women.

O2/ [30 marks] Choose the most suitable answer [15 only]:

female physician.

hospital for women and children.

401 121
1. I go to see the doctor last week because I was very ill. (a) must (b) must to (c) had to (d) will
2. I'm looking at the photographyou sent me with your letter. (a) that (b) which (c) whose (d) whom
3. This is something he every day. (a) did (b) doing (c) does (d) done
4. What is the name of that picture which you on the wall?
(a) look at. (b) is looking at (c) are looking at (d) looks
5. I believe it is to hold a door open for a lady. (a) politic (b) politic (c) political (d) politicness
6. Which of these is a noun? It is (a) thing (b) think (c) that (d) there
3. Which of these is a gerund? It is (a) go (b) goes (c) going (d) gone
What exercise like doing best of all. (a) Do you (b) are you (c) you (d) seen in Do
9. Some people only read the lines in a newspaper (a) top (b) big (c) main (d) head
8. It is much easier toan illness than it is to cure it. (a) prepare (b) prevent (c) postpone (d) prefer
19. Maurizio can four languages. (a) talk (b) talks (c) say (d) speak - 21
12. No one had a clue what had actually happened neither the police, the public.
(a) or (b) either (c) nor (d) never
13. We asked him why he telephoned earlier. (a) hadn't (b) hasn't (c) didn't (d) wouldn't.
14. By the time I had reached the bottom of the mountain, I extremely tired.
(a) feel (b) have felt (c) felt (d) am feeling
15. I'm really busy today, so I have to I'll call you later. (a) go (b) went (c) gone
16 be buying the house or haven't you decided yet? (a) Did you (b) Have you (c) Were you (d)
Will you

#### Q3/ [12 marks]

A.	Put the verbs into the present continuous or the present simple:  1. Bill: Lunch will be ready in a minute: We (have) soup. are having  2. Mary: It (smell) good.  3. Bill: Ann (just/taste) it to see if it (need) more salt. is just tasting, needs  Put the verbs into the present perfect or past simple:
D	But the works into the magnetic set it is set
Б.	Put the verbs into the present perfect or past simple:  1. They(not/go) to any lectures last week either.  2. Tom (not/pay) this month's rent yet.
C.	Put in the verbs in brackets into the gap. Use will-future or going to-future.
	1. They a new computer. (to get)  2. Just a moment. Iyou with the bags. (to help)  3. We to Venice in June. (to fly)  Answer the following questions depending on the texts in your course's lectures.
	1. Burglar means (a) grocer (b) thief (c) beautiful (d) builder
	2. The child Russell Brown made thieves (a) angry (b) afraid (c) feel at home (d) hide
	3. Endre Boros is a came to USA from Budapest thirteen years ago.
Q4	/ [18 marks]
A.	Fill the table with suitable sentences with different meaning for each word.

No.	Word	Sentence 1	sentence 2
1	play	I like playing football	My brother can play on piano.
2	train	The train is very fast	The team istraining
	rite a suit	table answer of the following questions:	for tomo Howmen

2. Do you like listening to music? I like soft music

3. What are you wearing? I'm wearing a white shirt and blue jans.

4. What did you do yesterday? I had dinner with my friend.

5. What are you going to do in the future? I'm going to Europ.

## Q5. Match a verb with a suitable complement [15 Marks]

	Verb		complement	Ar	iswer
1	write	a	being silly	1	d
2	stop	Ь	crazy	2	a
3	speak	c	postwoman	3	F
4	take	d	poetry	и	1
5	send letters	e	your job	5	C
6	stay	f	language	6	h
7	dives me	g	email, message, fax, talk,	7	b
8	communicate	h	in bed	8	9
9	give up	i	your time	9	i
10	have	j	cruel to be kind	10	10

Group:

Name:

### Question #1/ [15 marks]

### Read the following passage and then answer the questions:

For many years people believed that the cleverest animals after man were chimpanzees. Now, however, there is proof that dolphins may be even cleverer than these big apes. Although a dolphin lives in the sea it is not a fish. It is a mammal, It is in many ways; therefore, like a human being Dolphins have a simple language. They are able to talk to one another. It may be possible for man to learn how to talk to dolphins. But this will not be easy because dolphins cannot hear the kind of sounds man can make. If man wants to talk to dolphins, therefore, he will have to make a third language which both he and the dolphins can understand. Dolphins are also very friendly towards man. They often follow ships. There are many stories of dolphins guiding ships through difficult and dangerous waters .

- 1: Which animals do people think may be the cleverest?
  - (a) Chimpanzees (b) Dolphins (c) Big apes (d) Mammals
- 2: What other beings are dolphins like in many ways? (a) Fish (b) Animals (c) Reptiles (d) Men
- 3: What have scientists discovered about dolphins? (a) They understand simple language. (b) They can speak to one another. (c) Men can now talk to them. (d) They can teach men their languages.
- 4: Why is a third language necessary if man wants to talk to dolphins? (a) Most men do not speak English. (b) The dolphins' language is hard to learn (c) Dolphins cannot hear men speaking. (d) Men want to talk to dolphins in secret.
- 5: In what way are dolphins friendly to man? (a) They like interesting things about man. (b) They often follow ships. (c) They often jump on to ships. (d) They seem to like stories.
- 6: What is the most used verb tense in the passage? (a) Past simple. (b) Present simple. (c) Present continuous. (d) Past continuous.

#### Ouestion #2/ [15 marks]

Cho	bose the most suitable answer (15 only):
1. 2.	Please put the dishes the table.  So let's go to the beginning.  (a) over (b) for (c) to (d) on (d) over (b) back (c) for (d) over (d)
2. 3.	This is something he every day. (a) did (b) doing (c) does (d) done
4.	you want some water? (a) Can (b) have (c) May (d) Do (d) To (d)
5.	I'm meeting an old friend for lunch noon. I haven't seen her for a long time.  (a) on (b) in (c) at (d) of
6.	countries have a coastline on the red sea? (a) What (b) Which (c) Where (d) Who
	I want to an apple (a) drink (b) leat (c) smoke (d) kill
8.	He traveled to Istanbul Five years
9.	The Sahara is a very hot and dry place. However, in spite of the harsh climate, certain plants and animals continue to prosper there.  (a) Desert (b) Dessert (c) Desk
	Joy Darling is a postwoman who uses a small van to deliver (a) litters (b) letters (c) milk
11.	Maurizio can four languages. (a) talk (b) talks (c) say (d) speak
	Never is (a) noun (b) adverb (c) adjective (d) preposition.
13.	We can do this work any extra help. (a) without (b) withdraw (c) with (d) within
14.	Rose was surprised because she found someone had all of the apples. (a) ate (b) eat (c) eaten
	I'm really busy today, so I have to I'll call you later. (a) go (b) went (c) gone
16.	Australia is located in the Sothern Hemisphere, so the are opposite to those in the Northern Hemisphere.  (a) times (b) seasons (c) months (d) years are the located in the Northern Hemisphere.
17.	No matter what happens next I help you. (a) am (b) have (c) will (d) would

A. Correct the mistakes in the underlying words (3 only).  1. At the weekend I'm usually go swimming.  2. Are you enjoy the party?  3. We can't play tennis because it rains.  3. We can't play tennis because it rains.  4. He is liking black coffee and a recommendation of the study, live, doesn't work)  Hi, My name's Rumi and I (1) from Osaka in Japan, I (2) with my parents. My father  (3) has a business, but my mother (4); Next year I (5) economics at university.  Question #4/ [15 marks]  Answer the following questions depending on the texts in your course's lectures.  1. Which							
3.  Question #	- "I don't go to a university. I study at home."  2. We can communicate with other people in many different ways: we can talk emails letters.  3. Bees, and (at least 6 ways)  3. Bees and tell other bees where to find food. Elephants make that human can't  Whales sins Monkeys use their faces to show and love (communication ways)  Question #5/ [15 marks]  A. Fill the table with suitable sentences with different meaning for each word (answer 2 of 3).						
A. Fi			Sentence 1	sentence 2			
	No.	Word	Ti atraia is very fast				
	1	train	The train is big	The team is training for the met. Holand is flat country.			
	2	flat	- sad a good book.	They booked in the new hotel			
	3	book	Theat a good ocean				
B. Match a question word in A with a word in B and a line in C.							
1	A	В	C	Answer			
	How What	(1) far (a) (2) much (b) (3) often (c) i (4) size (d) (c) (5) long (e) (c) (6) time (f) (c)	shoes do you take? did you get up this morning? is it from your house to the to do you go swimming? does your English lesson last does a hamburger cost in you of music do you like?	own center?  How  3  d  12  What  4  Q			

uestion #6/ [15 marks]

1. Write a simple sentence and a compound sentence. I ride my bike every weekend and a compound sentence in the compound sentence in

what

4. The people of the United States are nearly all ..... wamagr.ants

5. Put the suitable country name in the correct blank:

(a) Australia a so big country with a small population that live mostly in towns on the coast.
(b) South is the big producer of gold and exports diamonds.

(c) Sanada the second biggest country in the world. Most people live in the south.

6. Make questions in a formal way:

(a) Ask someone about his work. What do you do? Where are you (b) You have a foreign friend but you have no idea about his original country, ask him.

(d) Ask her about the number of books that she writes so far?

How many books have you written