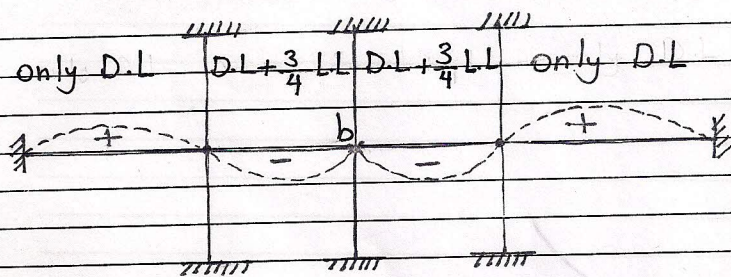


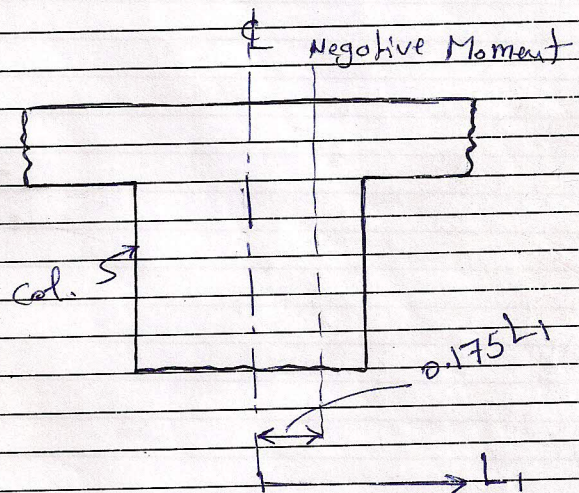
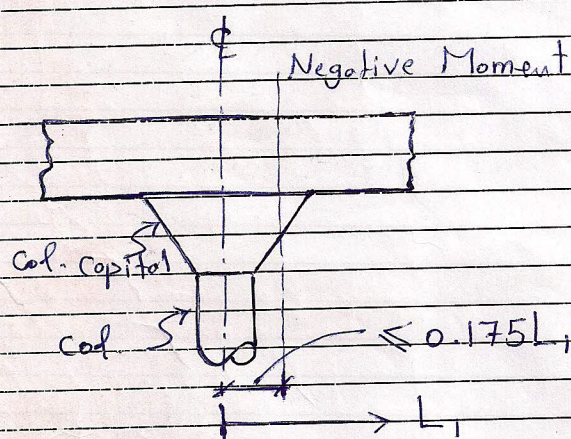
prof Dr. Ali Hameed Aziz
2018



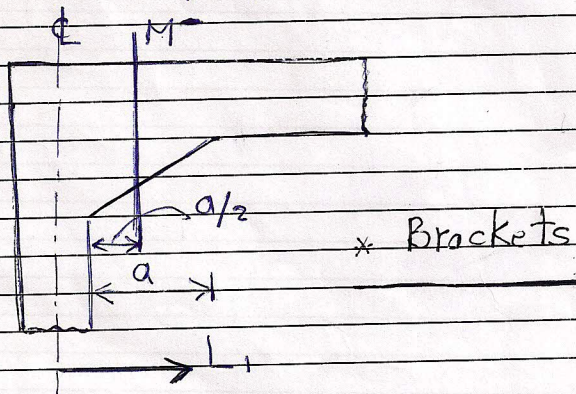
* for M_b^-

14- Apply "Moment Distribution Method" to find the required Bending Moments for design.

15- At interior supports, the critical section for (M^-) is at face of support, column capital but not greater than ($0.175L_1$) from centerline of column (ACI 13.7.7.1)



16- At Exterior supports with brackets or Capital, the critical section for (M^-) is as shown (ACI 13.7.7.2)



17- Transverse distribution of longitudinal Moment is Same as D.D.M

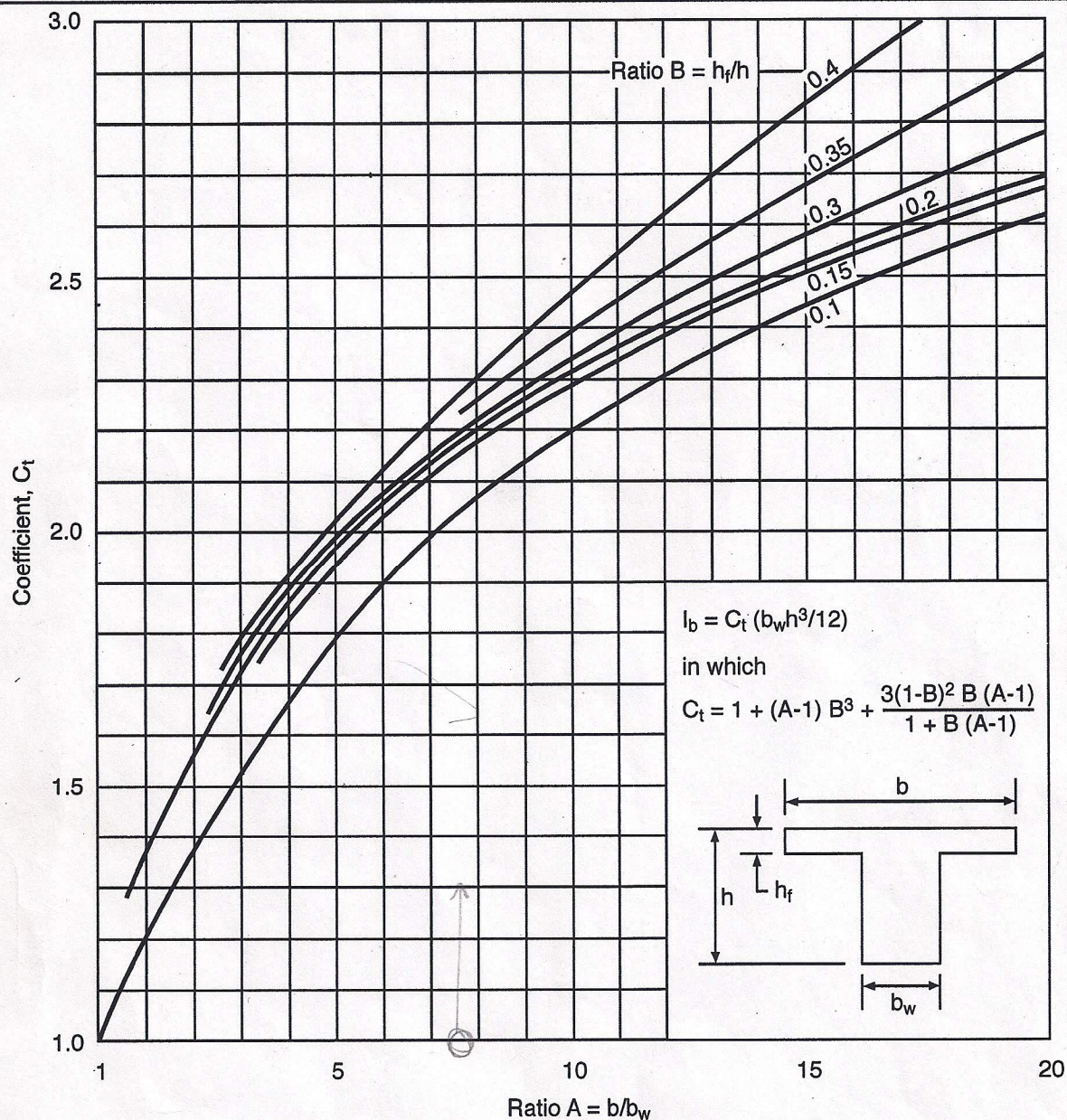
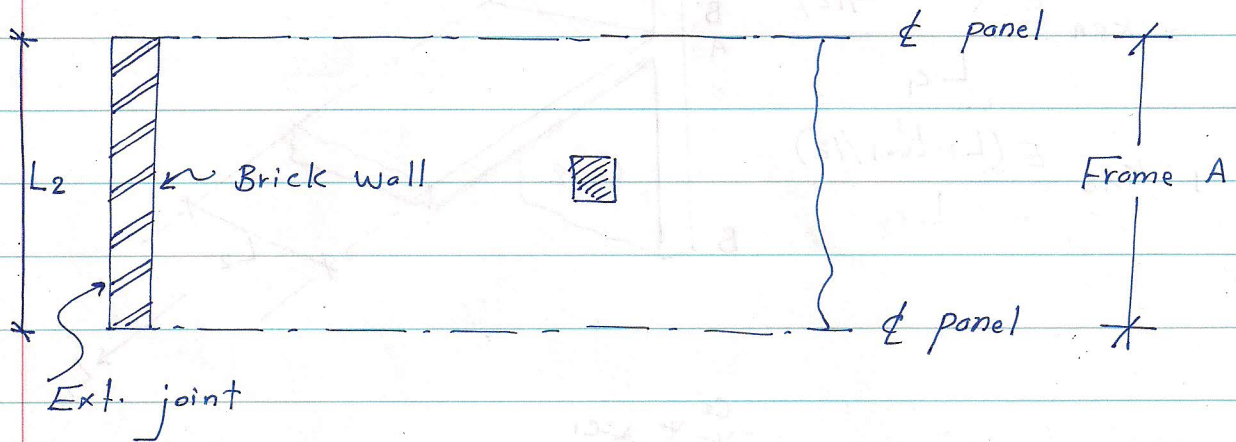


Figure 20-21 Coefficient C_t for Gross Moment of Inertia of Flanged Sections (Flange on One or Two Sides)



Notes/

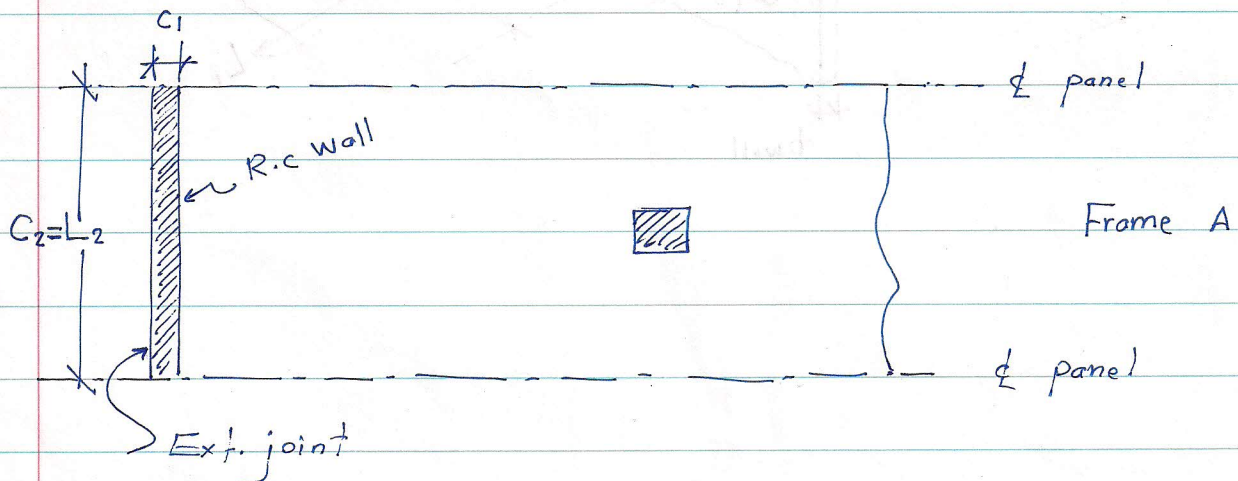
1- IF there is brick wall at Ext. joint.



$$\frac{1}{K_{ec}} = \frac{1}{\sum K_c} + \frac{1}{K_t} = \frac{1}{\sum K_c} + \frac{1}{0} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{K_{ec}} = \frac{1}{\sum K_c} + \infty = \infty$$

$$\therefore K_{ec} = 0$$

2- IF there is R.C wall at Ext. joint



$$K_t = \infty$$

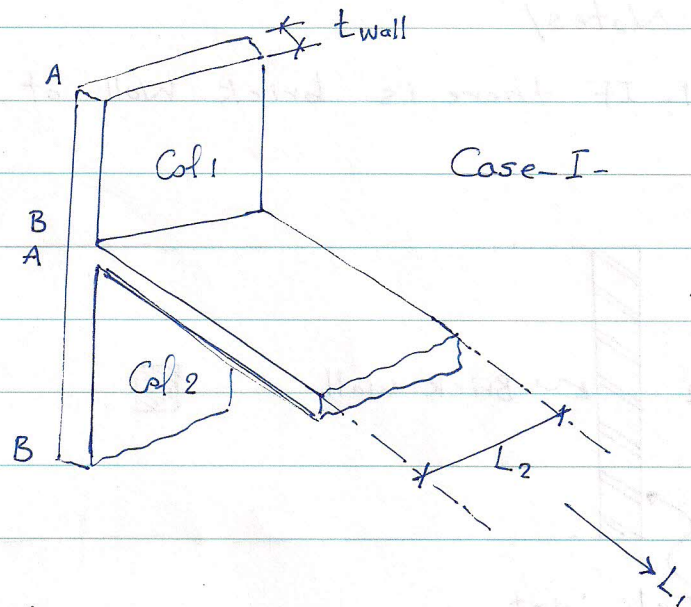
$$\frac{1}{K_{ec}} = \frac{1}{\sum K_c} + \frac{1}{K_t} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{K_{ec}} = \frac{1}{\sum K_c} + \frac{1}{\infty}$$

$$\frac{1}{K_{ec}} = \frac{1}{\sum K_c} + 0 = \frac{1}{\sum K_c}$$

$$\therefore K_{ec} = \sum K_c$$

$$\text{but } \sum K_c = K_{col1} + K_{col2}$$

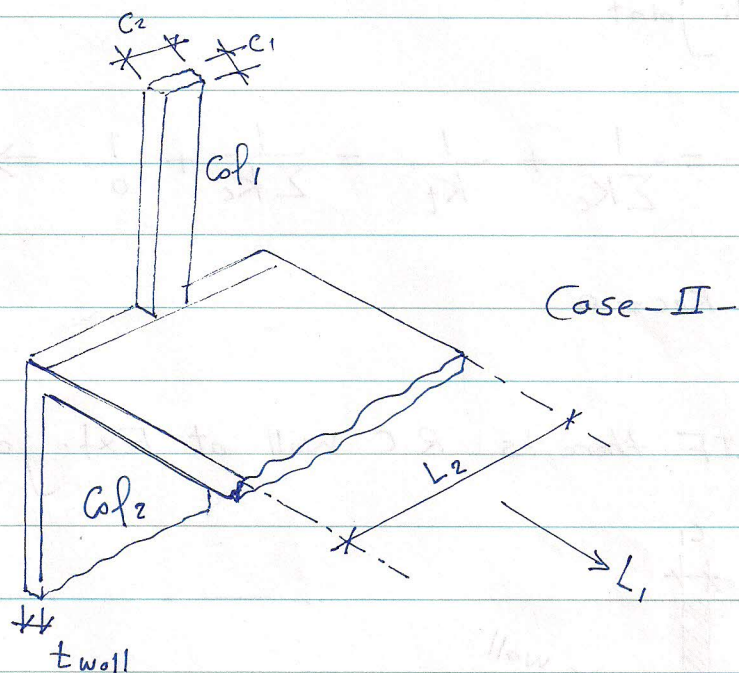
$$= K_{BA} \frac{E \cdot (L_2 \cdot t_{wall}^3 / 12)}{L_{c1}} + K_{AB} \frac{E (L_2 \cdot t_{wall}^3 / 12)}{L_{c2}}$$



$$\sum K_c = K_{c1} + K_{c2}$$

$$= K_{BA} \cdot \frac{E (c_2 \cdot c_1^3 / 12)}{L_{c1}}$$

$$+ K_{AB} \cdot \frac{E (L_2 \cdot t_{wall}^3 / 12)}{L_{c2}}$$



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