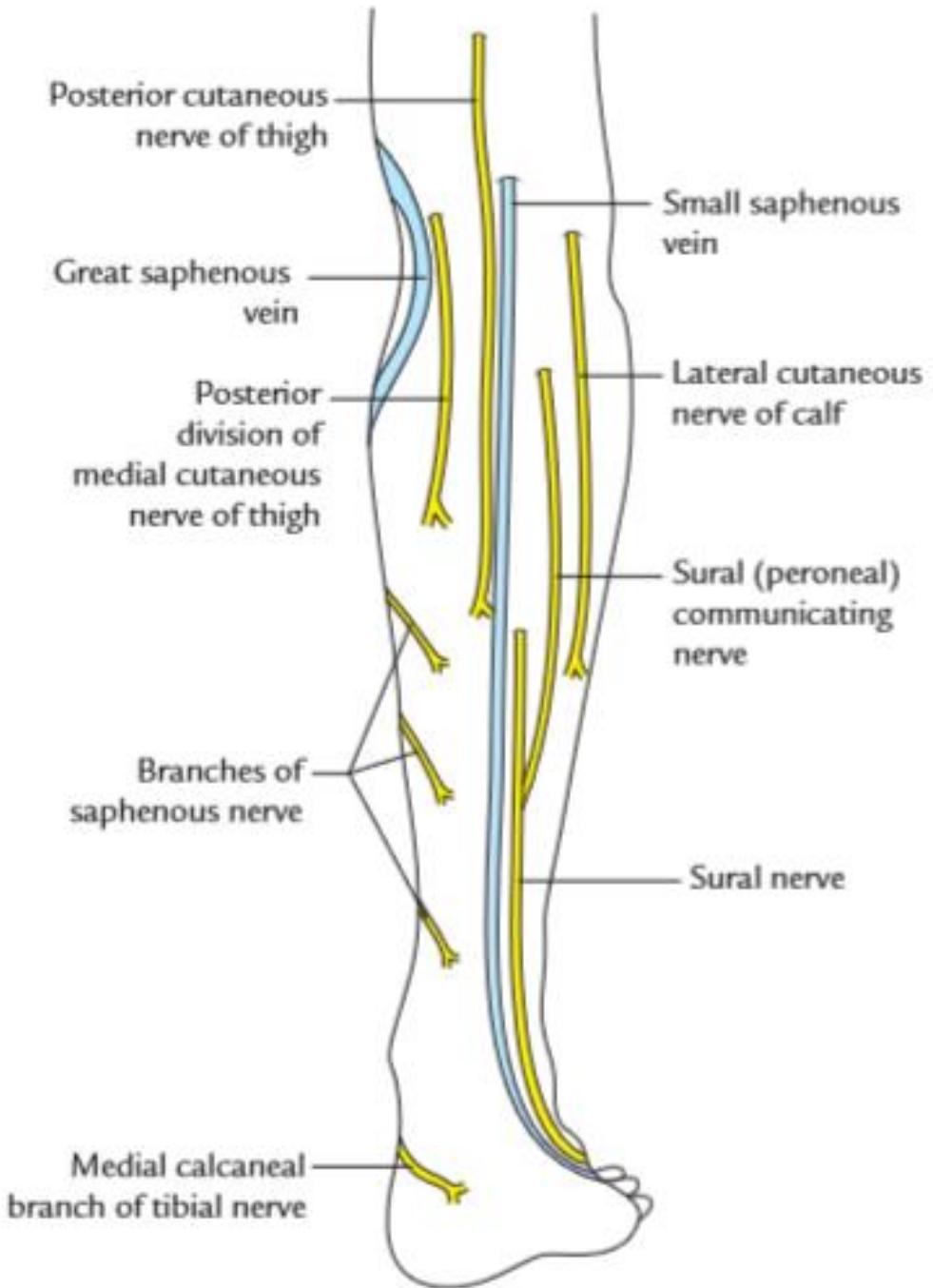


# Posterior compartment of the leg and retinacula

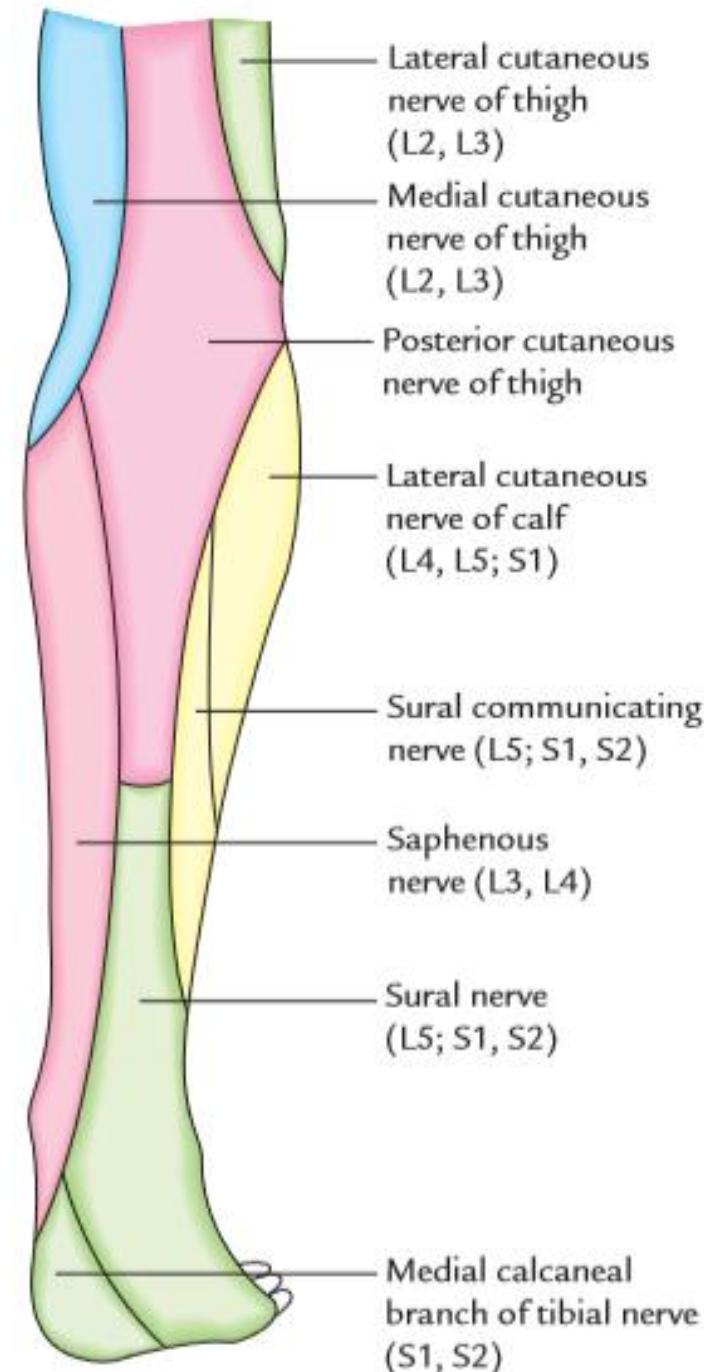


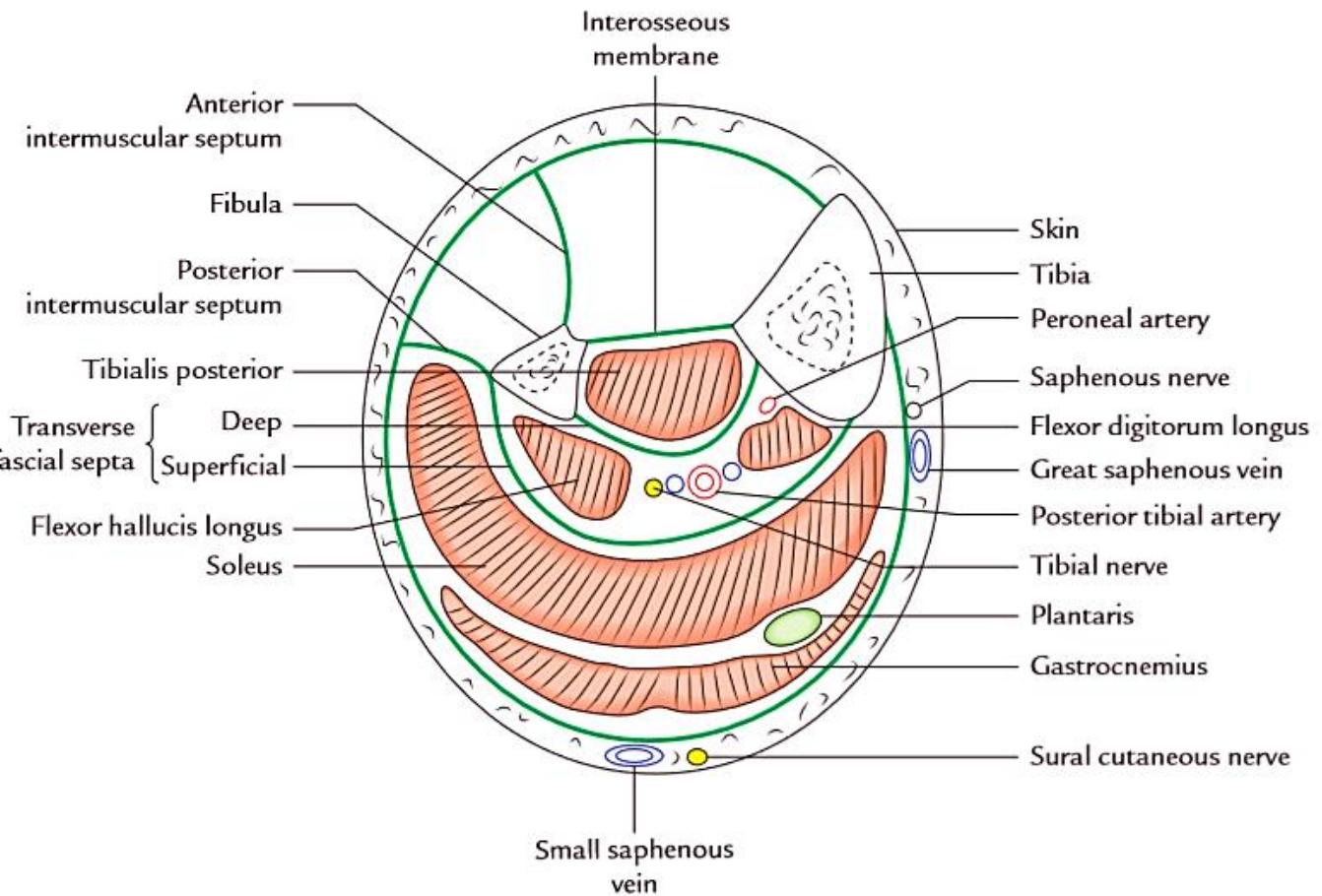
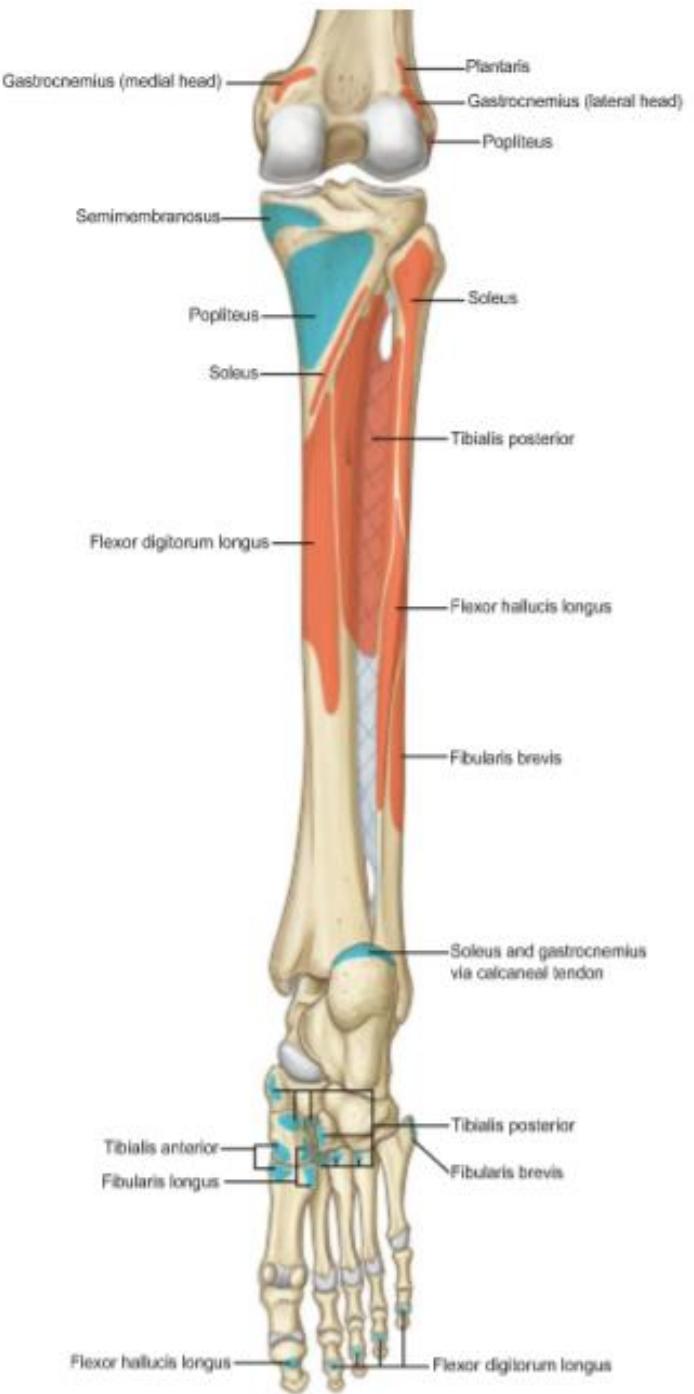
## Lecture objectives

- Recognize the cutaneous nerves of the posterior leg
- Identify the muscles of this compartment
- Study the neurovascular bundle in this compartment
- Recognize attachments, relations & structure underneath the retinaculae around the ankle

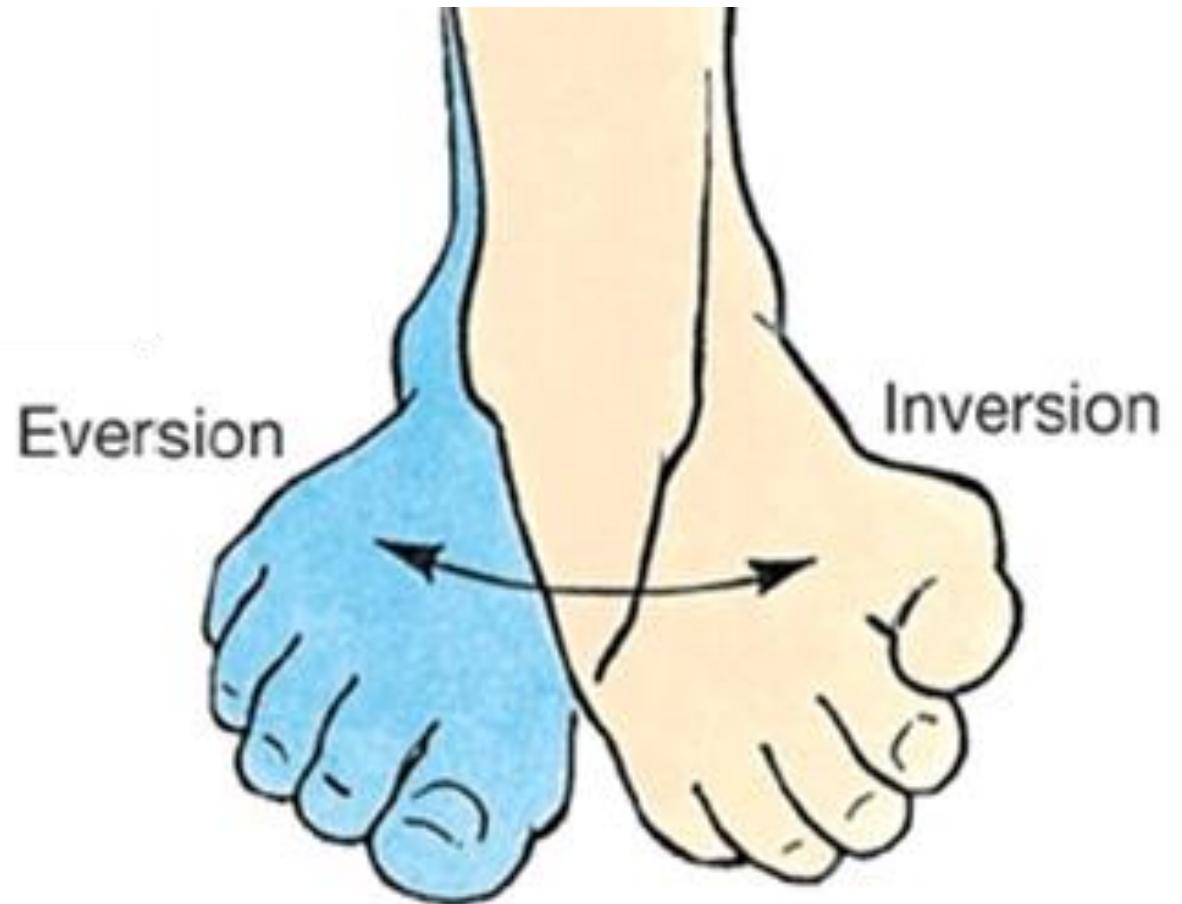


# Cutaneous innervation





# Movements at ankle joints



(a)

a. Dorsiflexion

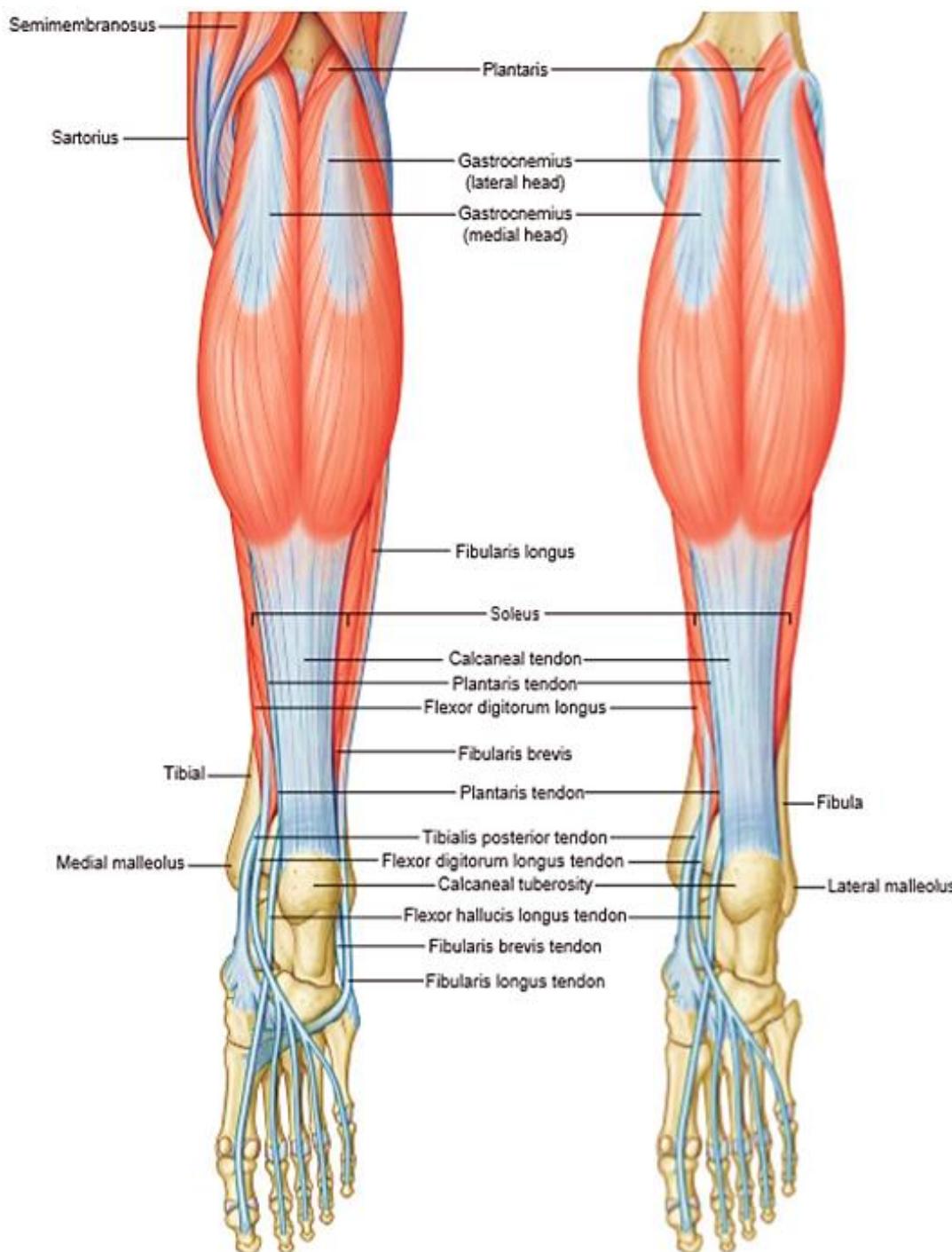
(b)

b. Anatomical

c. Plantar flexion

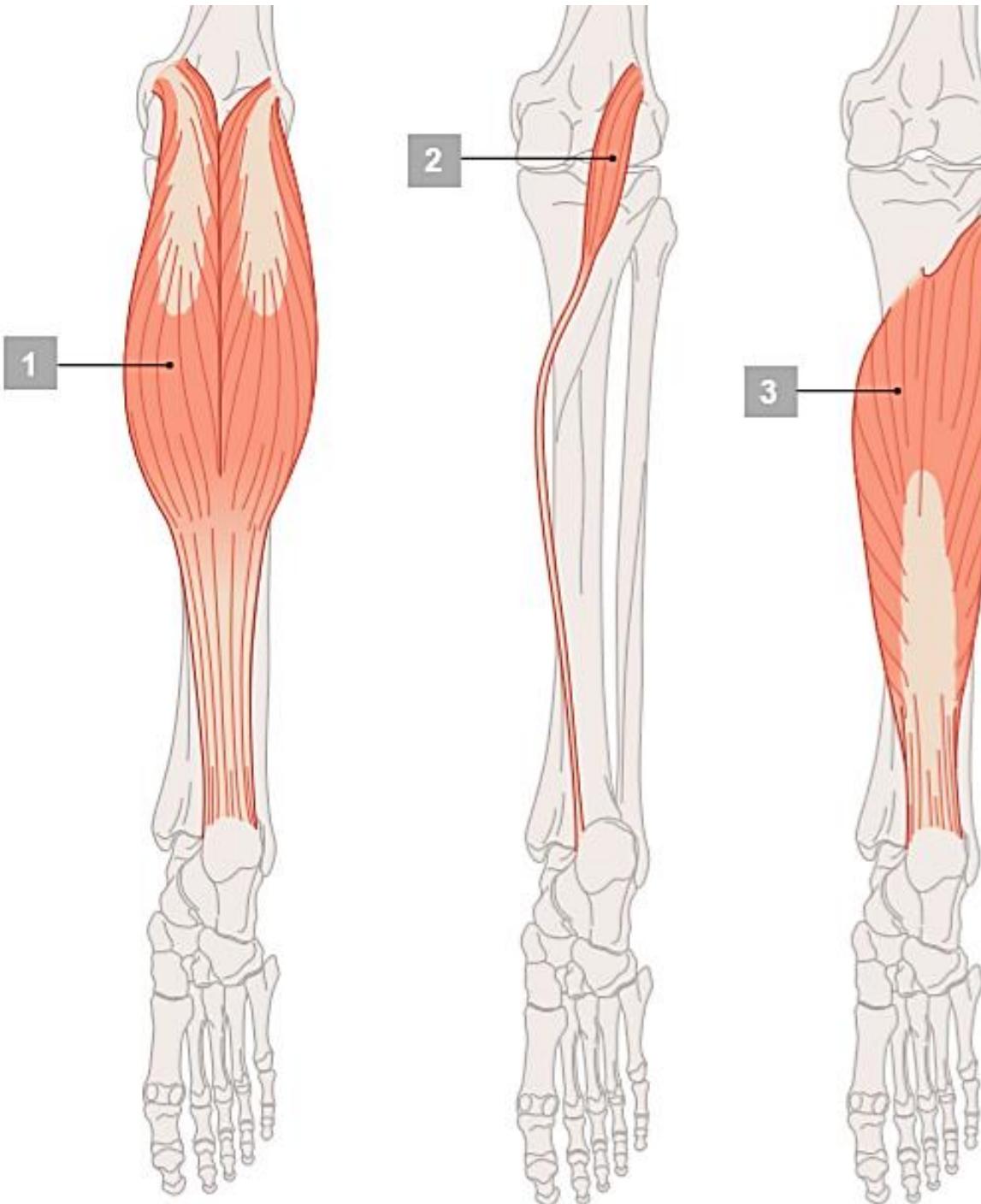
(c)

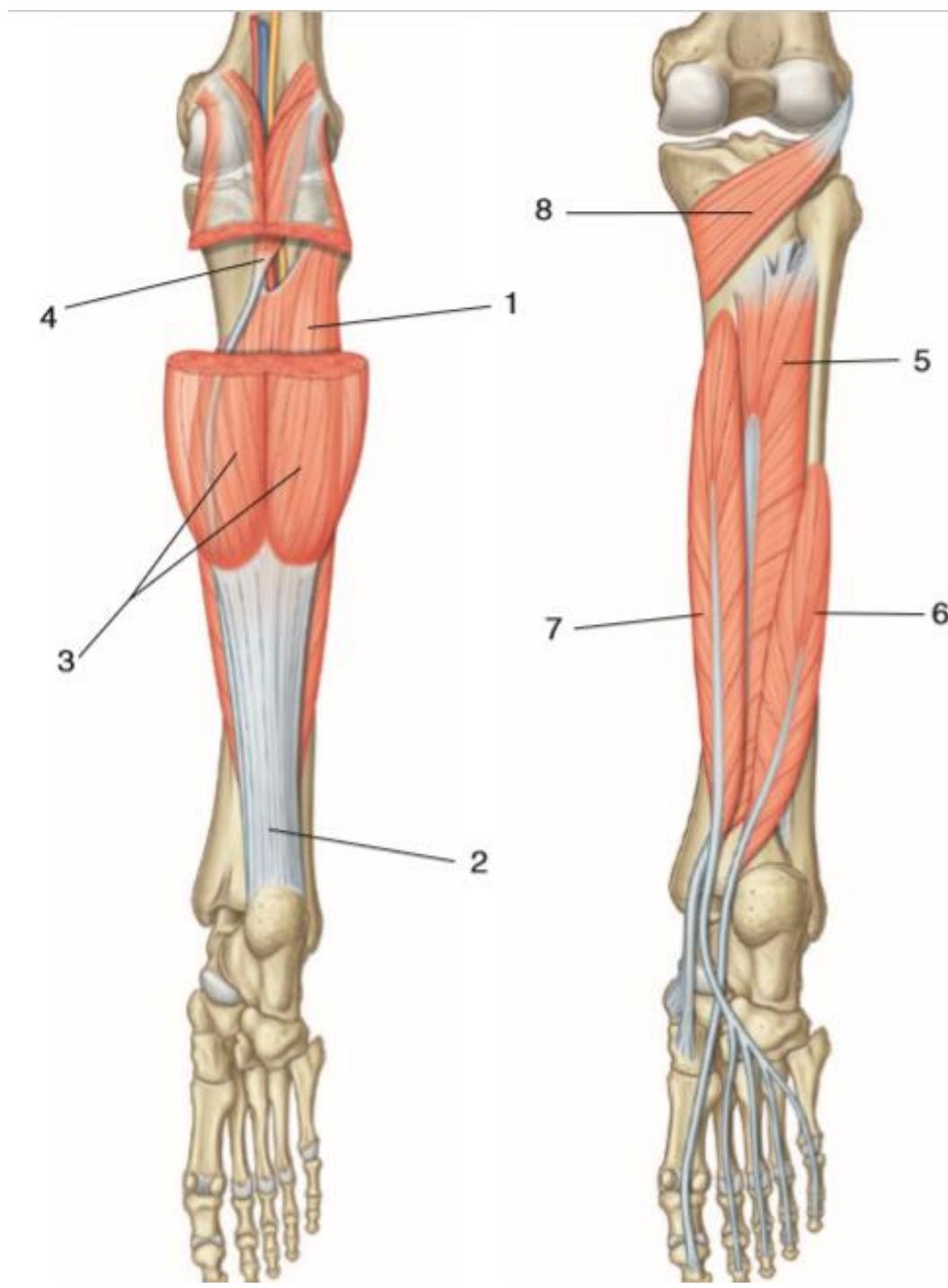




- 1- Gastrocnemius
- 2- Plantaris
- 3- Soleus

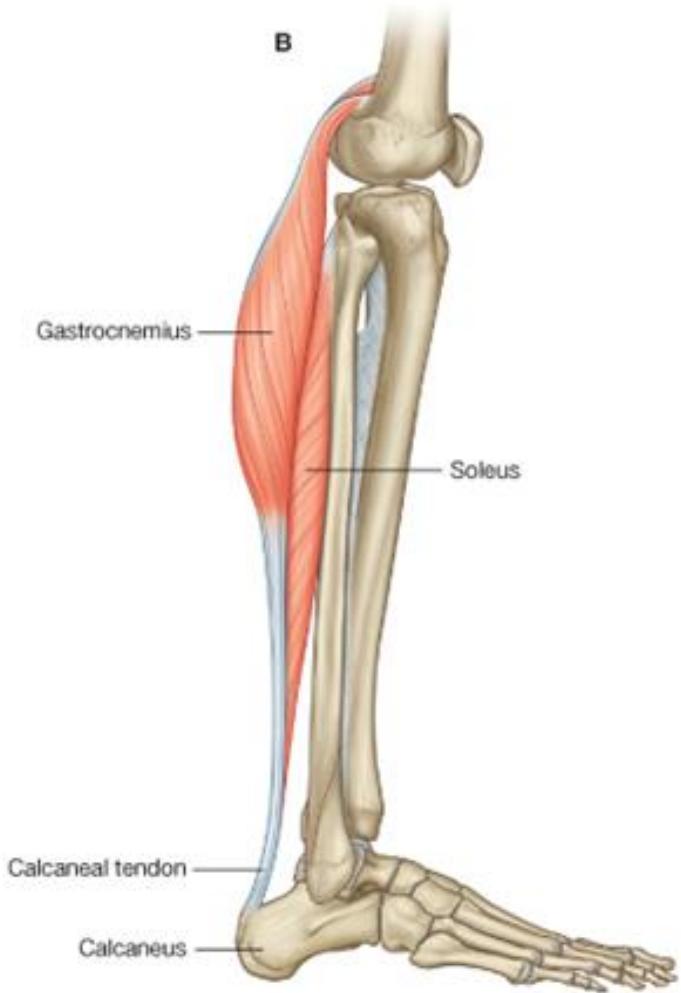
Triceps surae



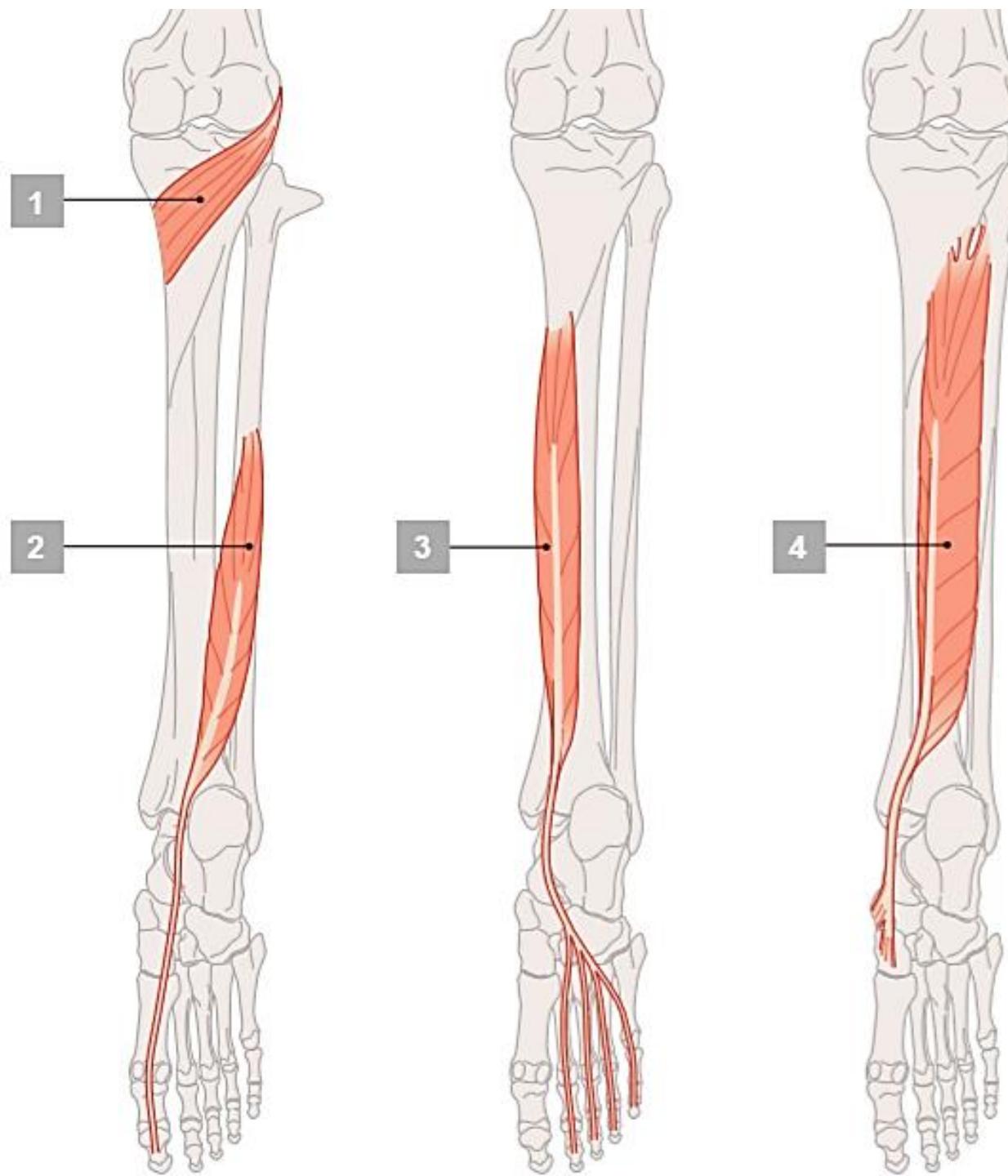


# Achilles tendon

- Calcaneal tendon



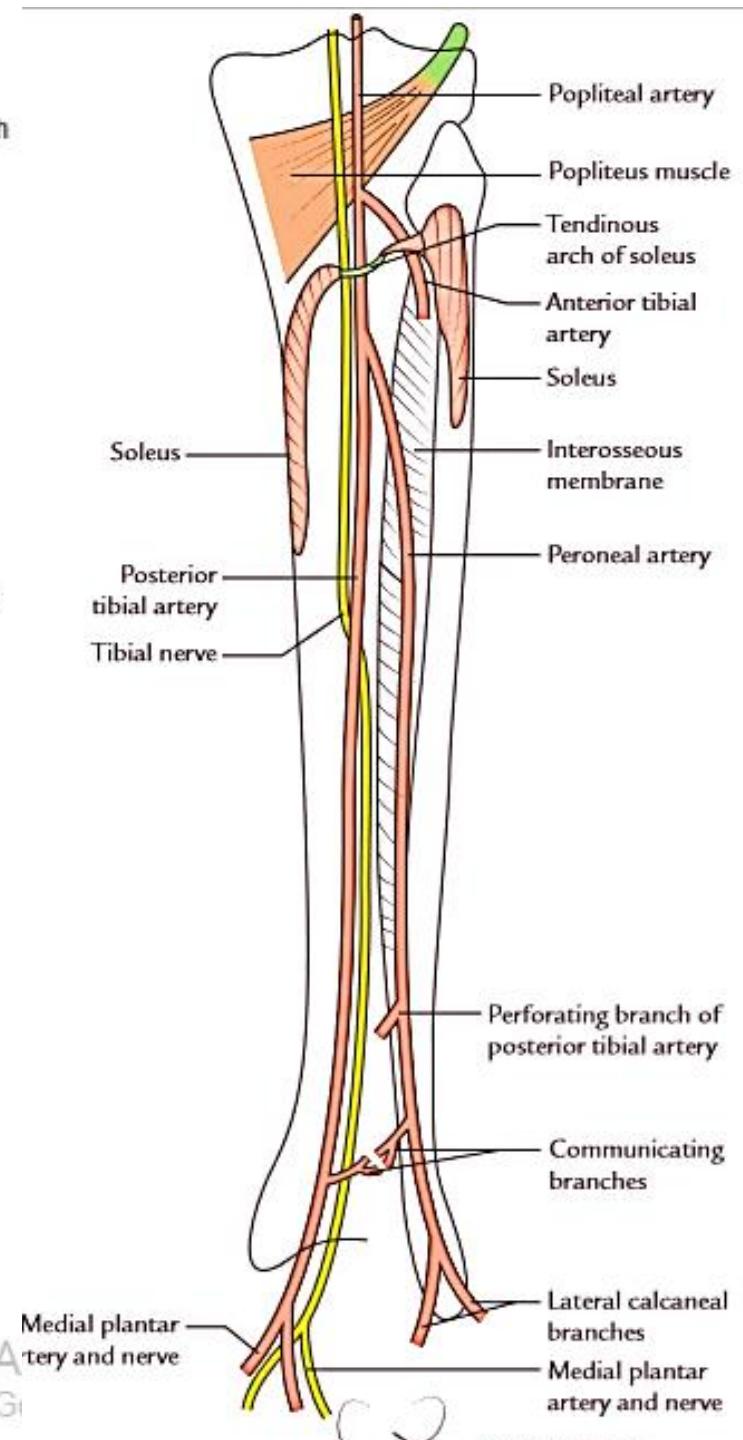
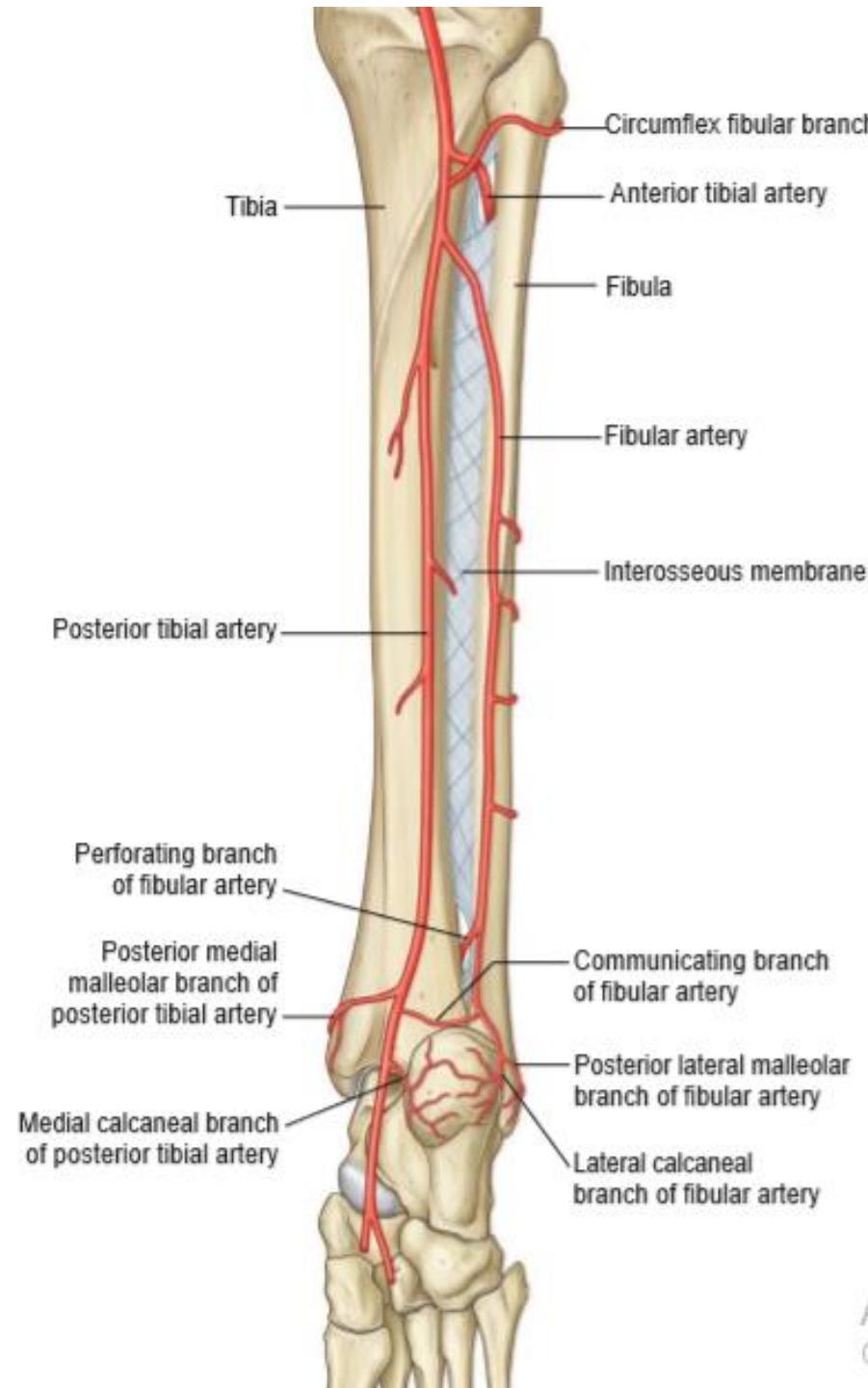
- 1-Popletius
- 2- FHL
- 3- FDL
- 4- TP



# Tibial art.

## Branches

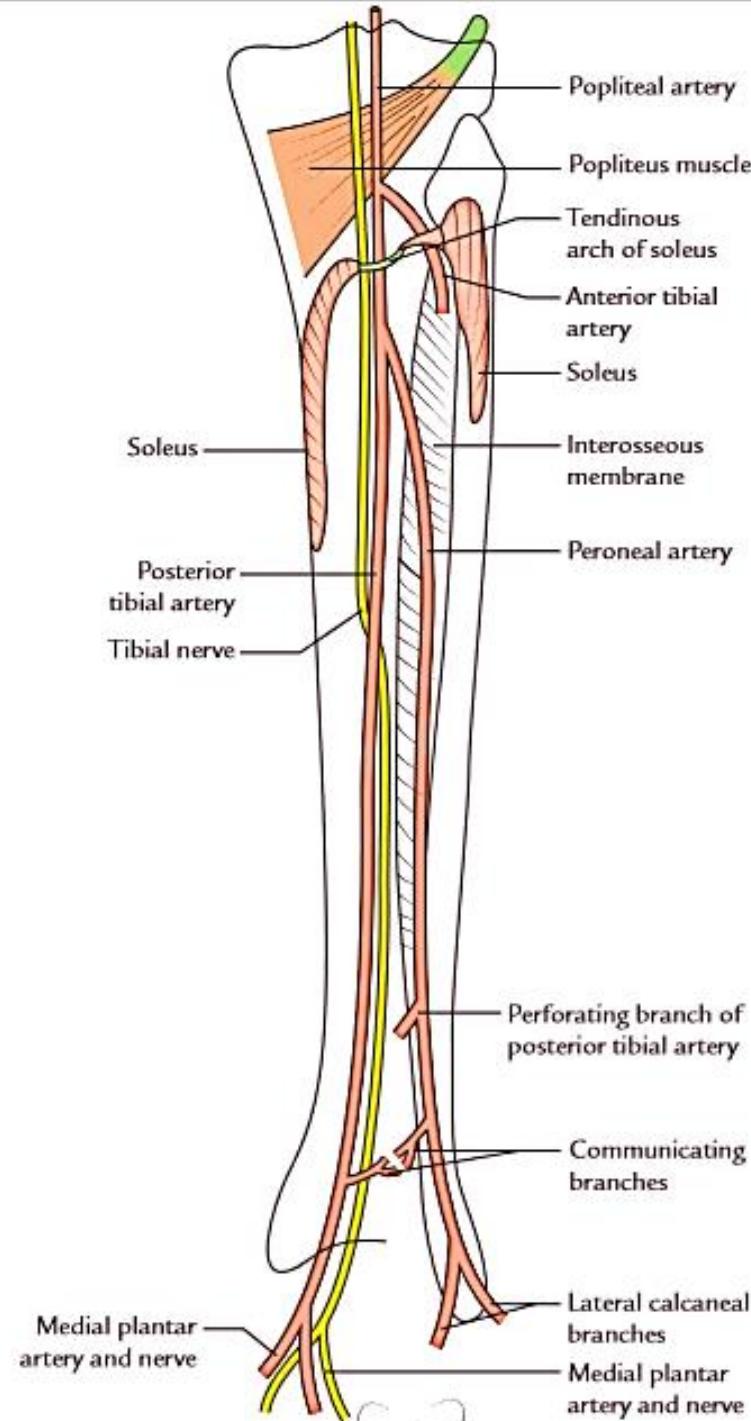
- Peroneal
- Nutrient
- Muscular
- Circumflex peroneal
- Communicating
- Med. Malleolar
- Med. Calcaneal
- Lat. & med. planter

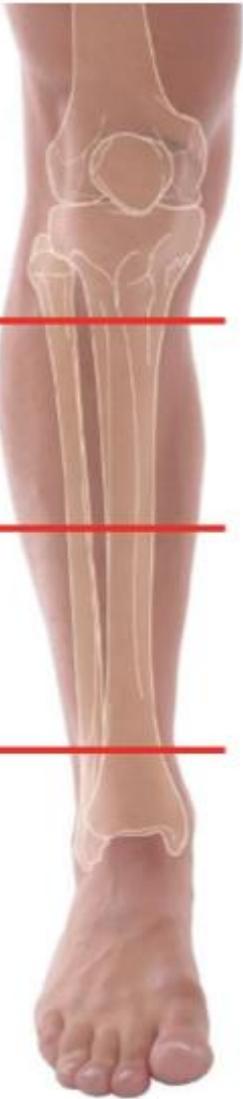
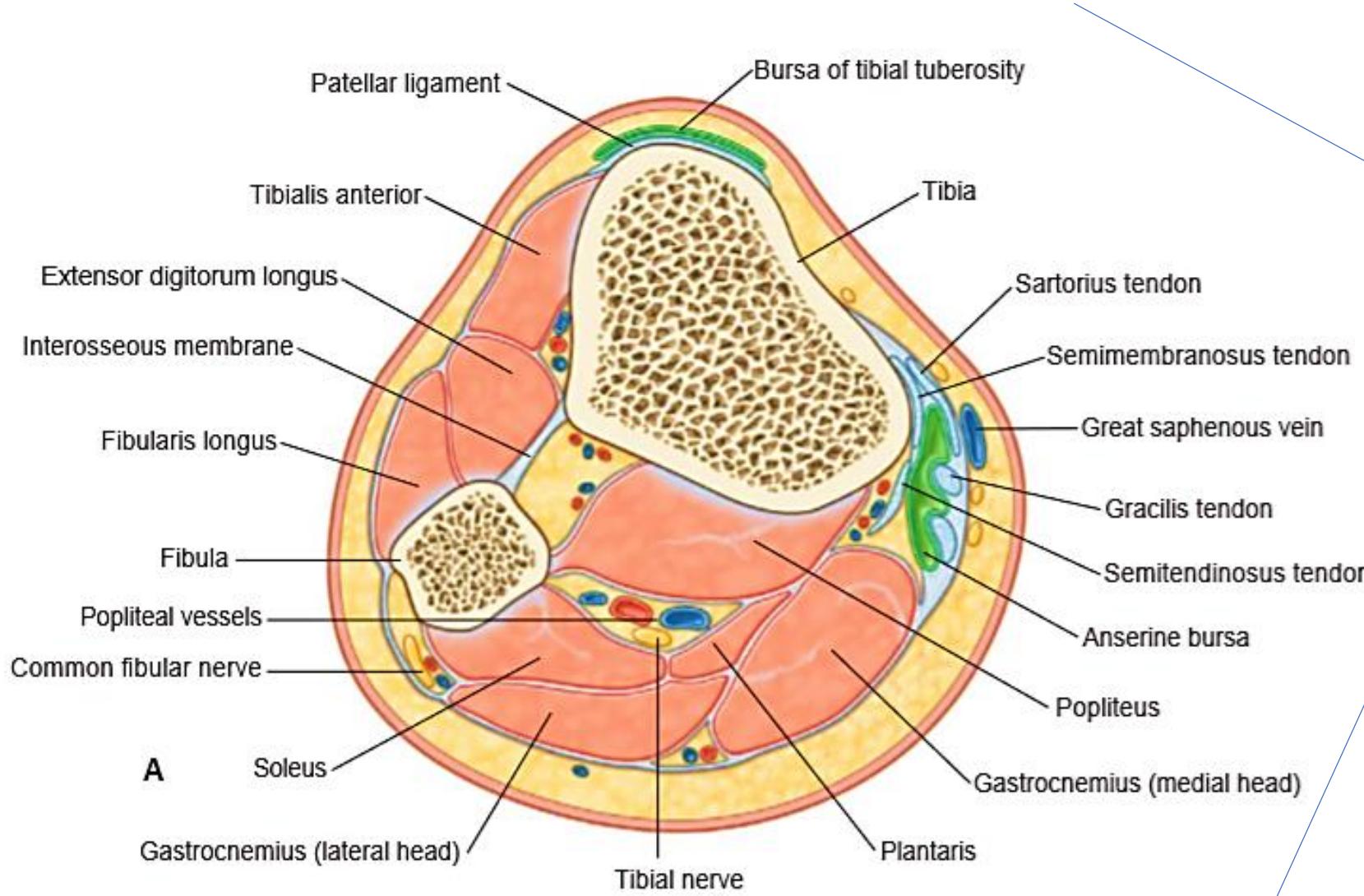


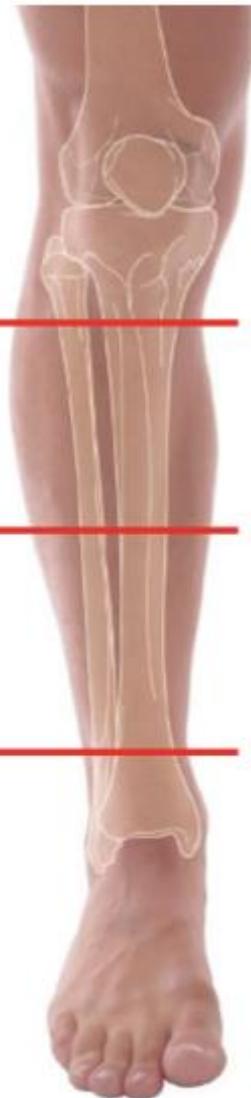
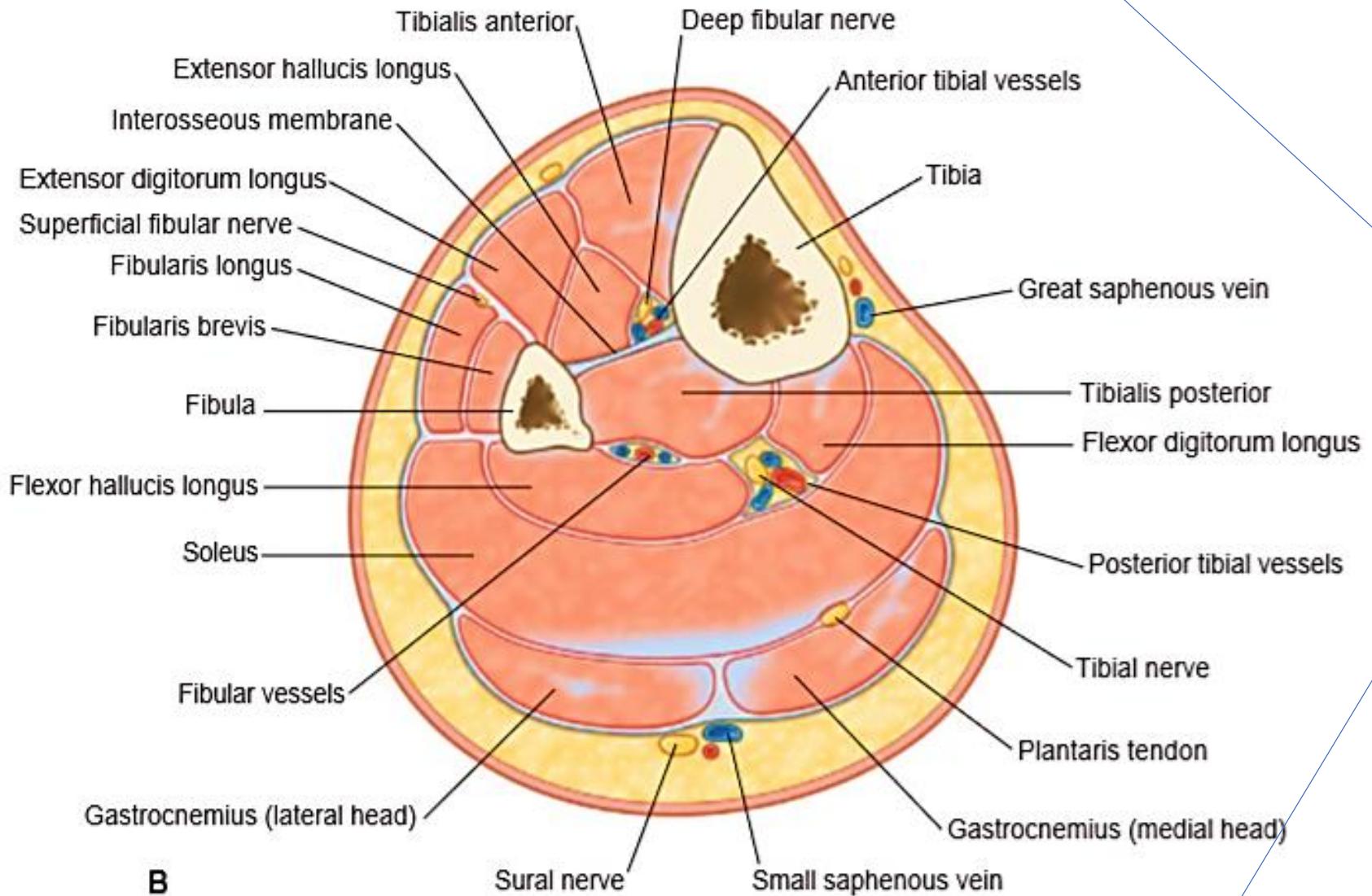
# Peroneal art.

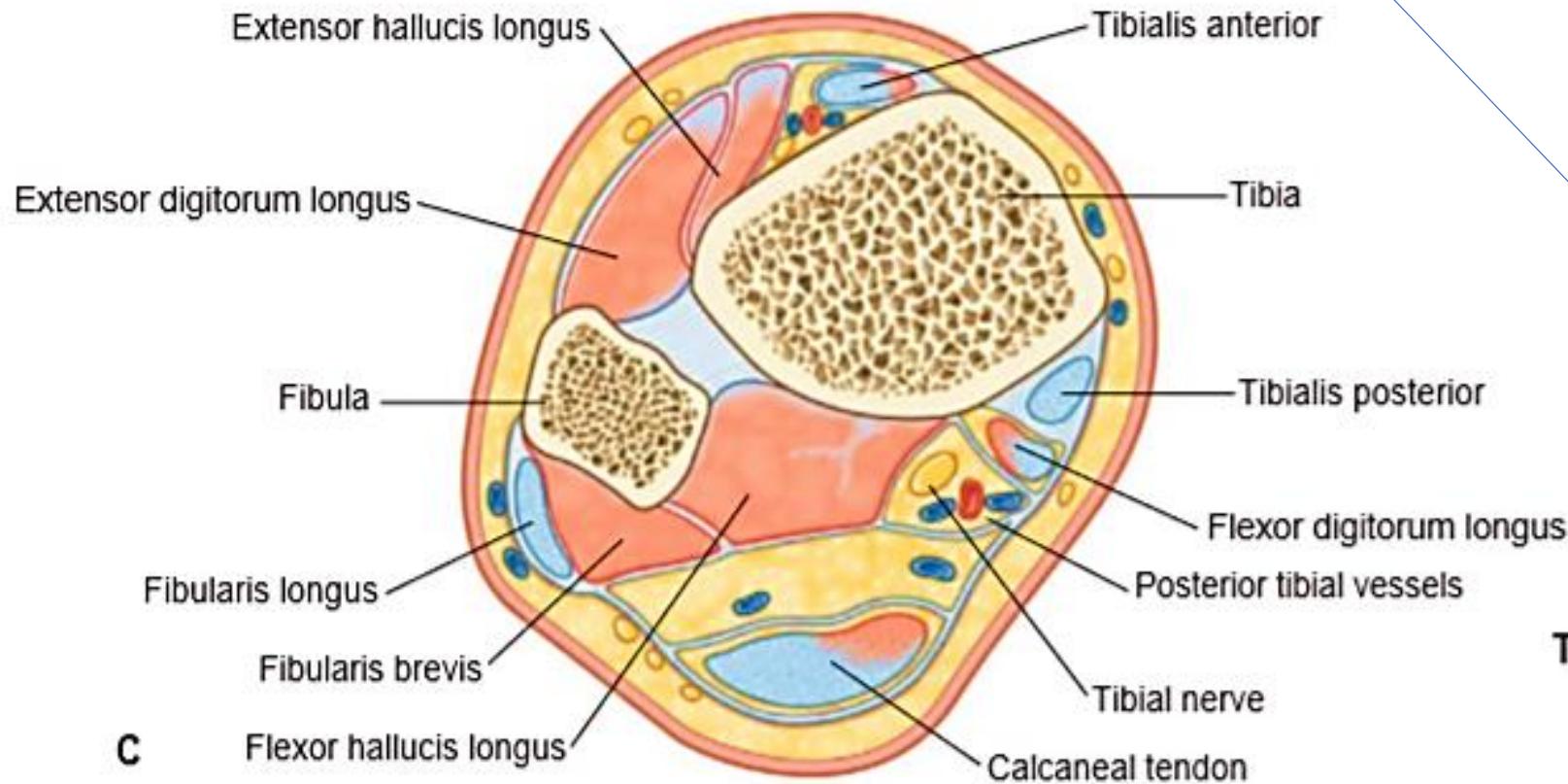
## Branches

- Muscular
- Perforating
- Nutrient to fibula
- Lat. Malleolar
- Lat. calcaneal

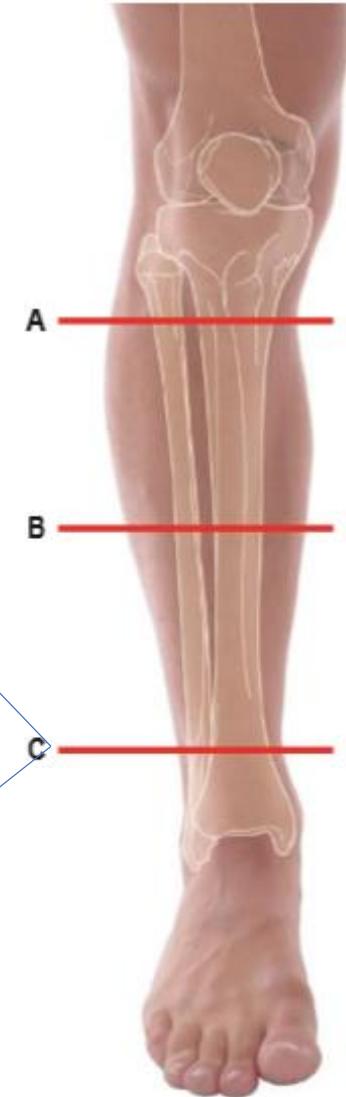








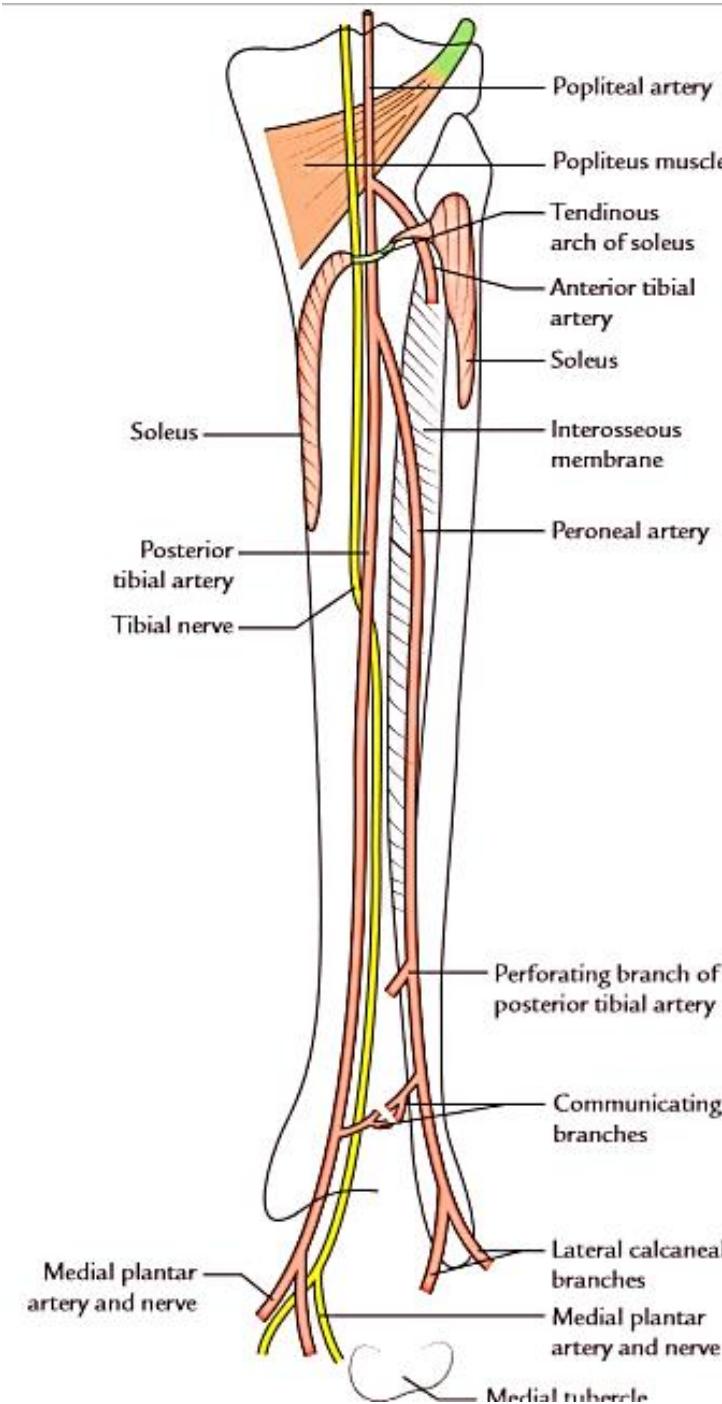
Trans-



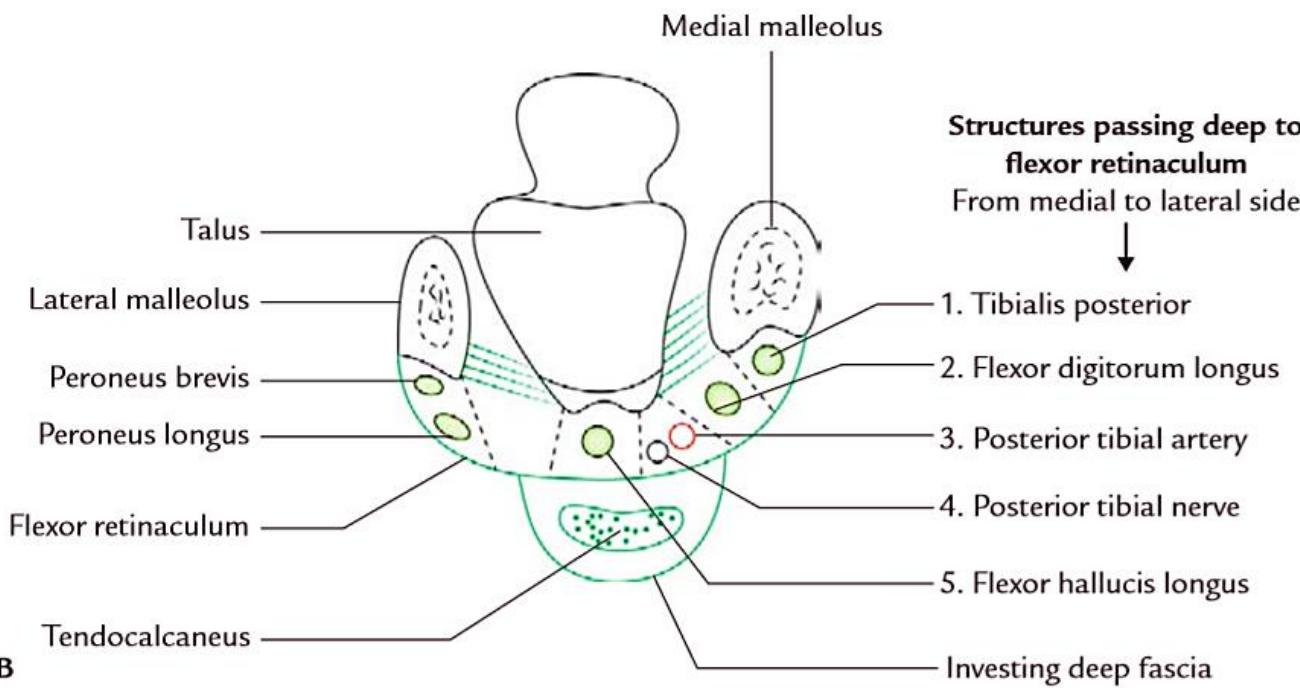
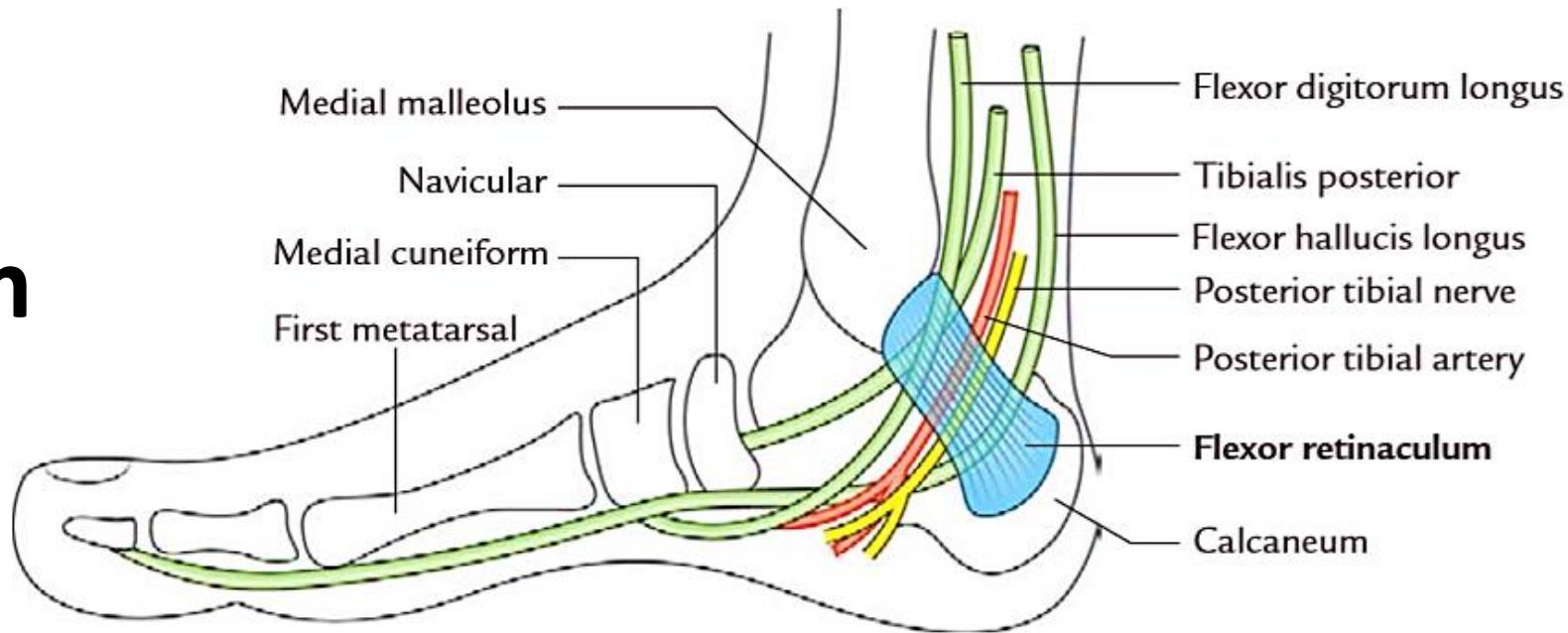
# Tibial nerve

## Branches

- Muscular brs  
(superficial layer in popliteal fossa)  
(deep layer in the post. Leg)
- Medial calcaneal
- Articular to ankle
- Med. & Lat. planter

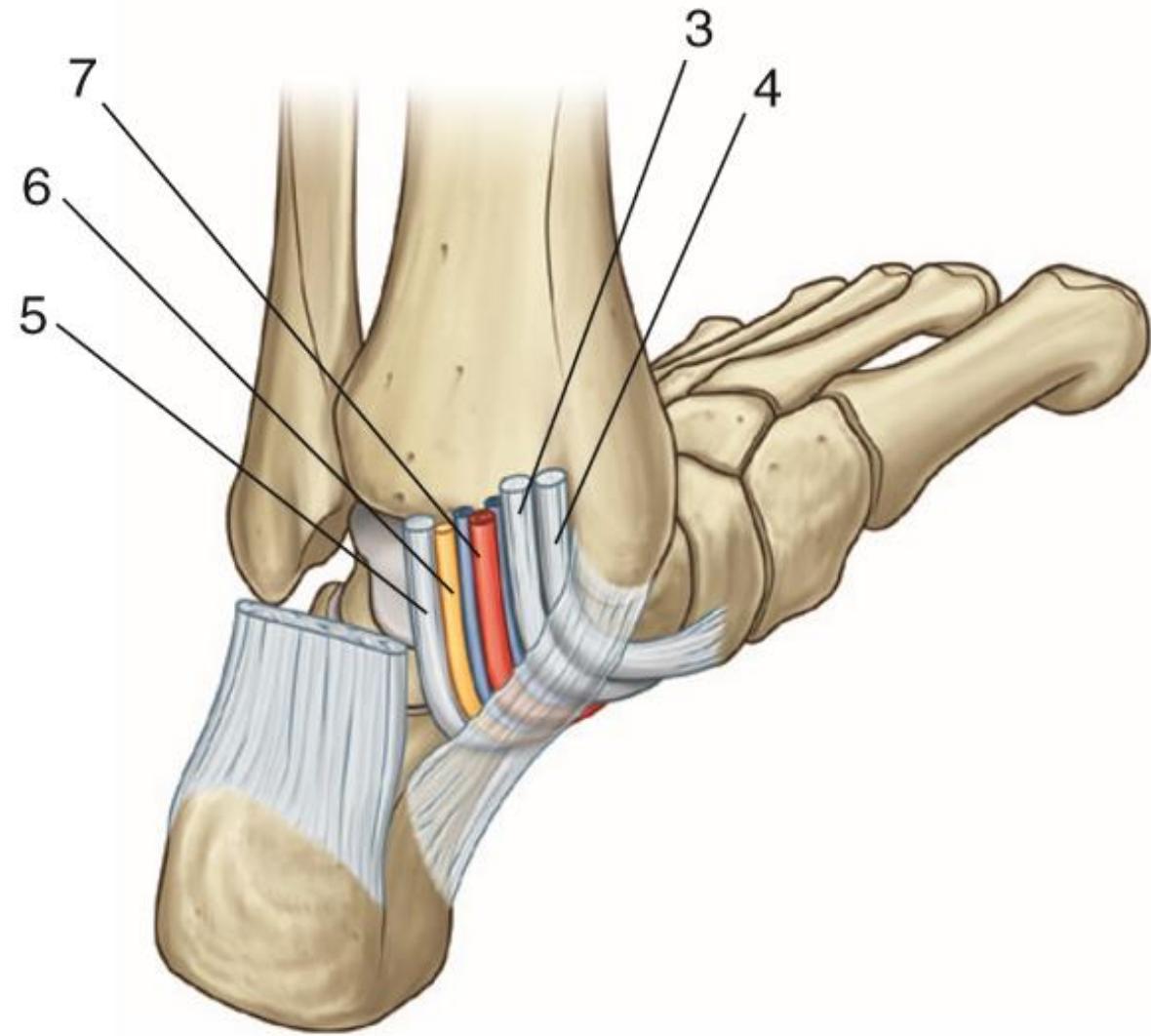
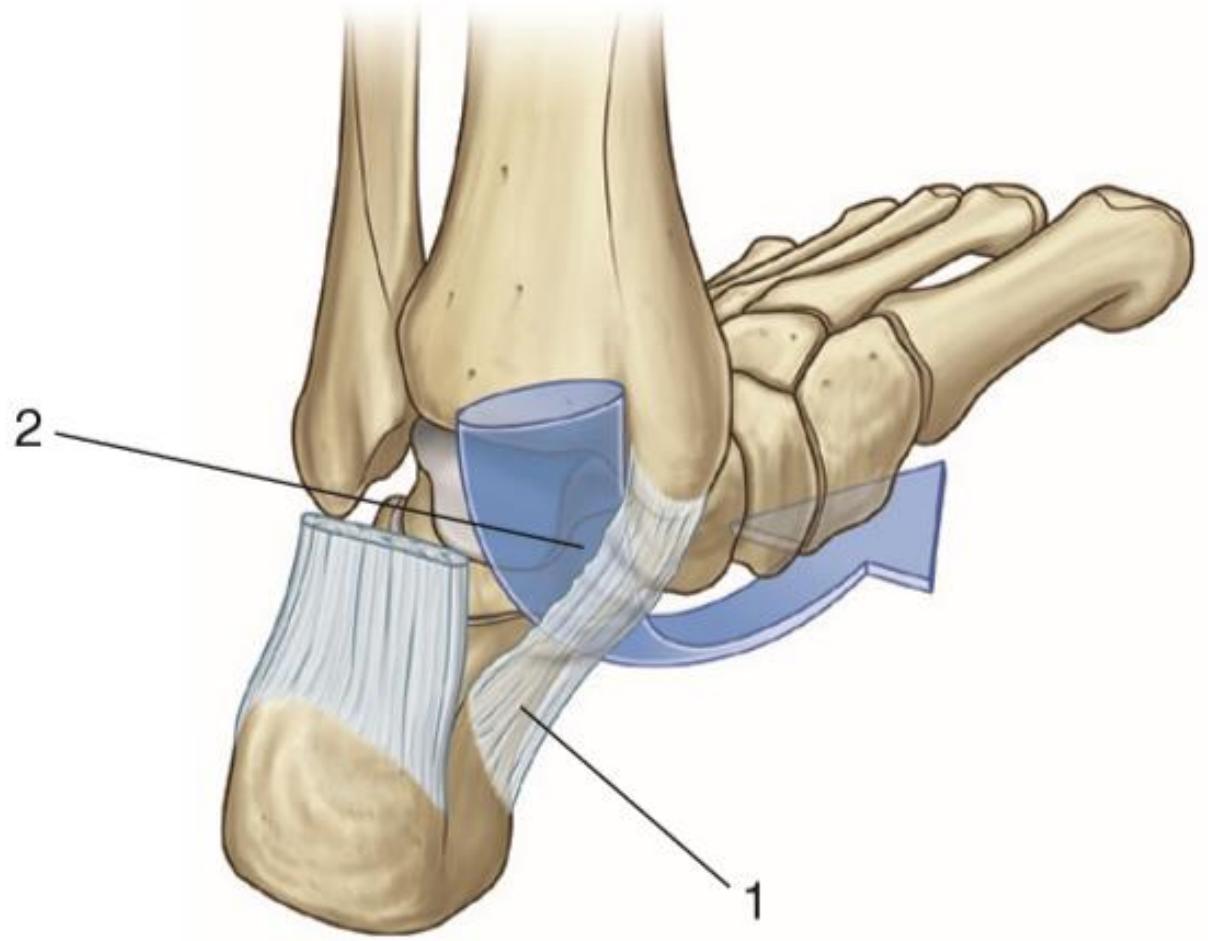


# Flexor retinaculum

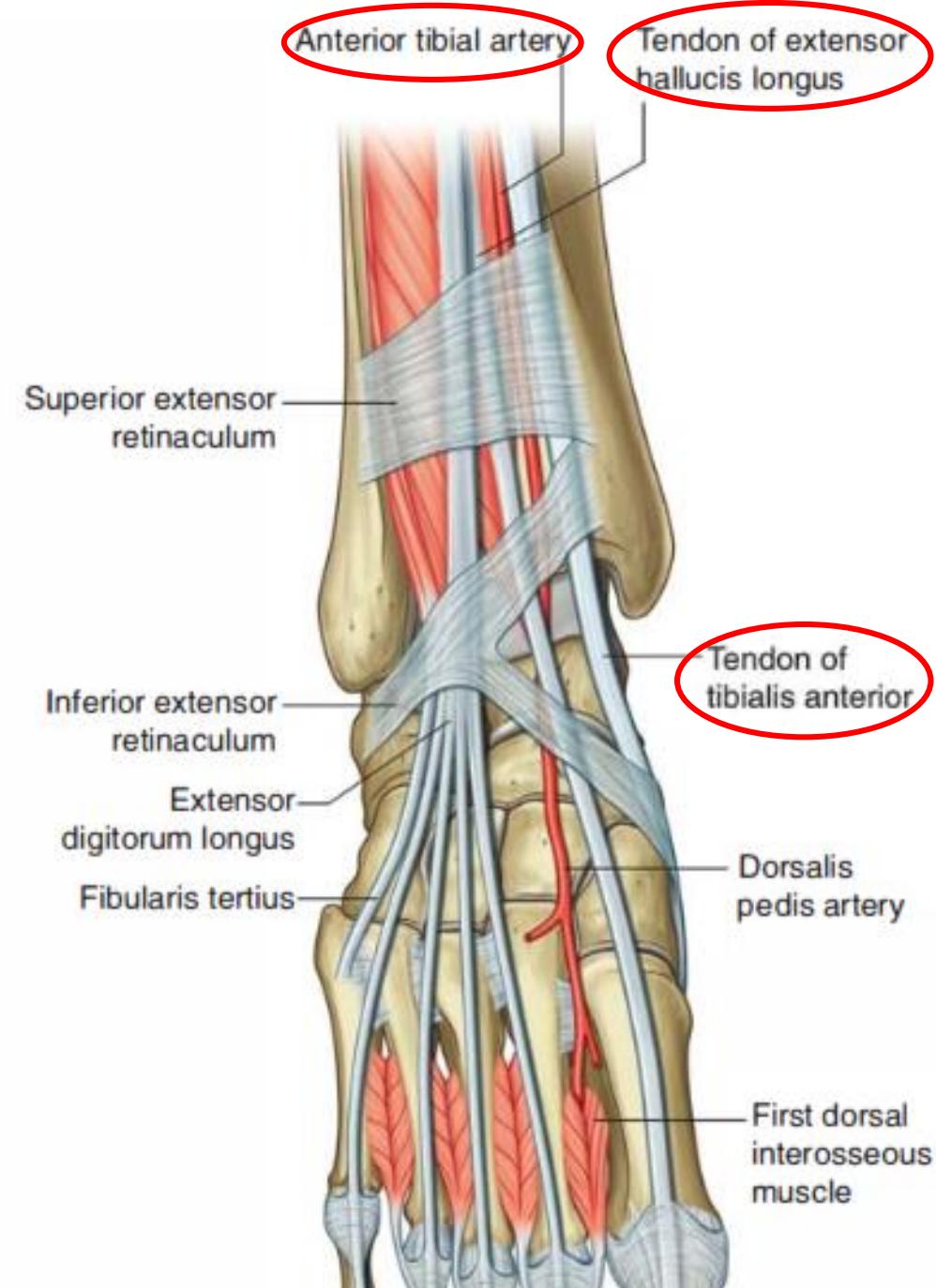


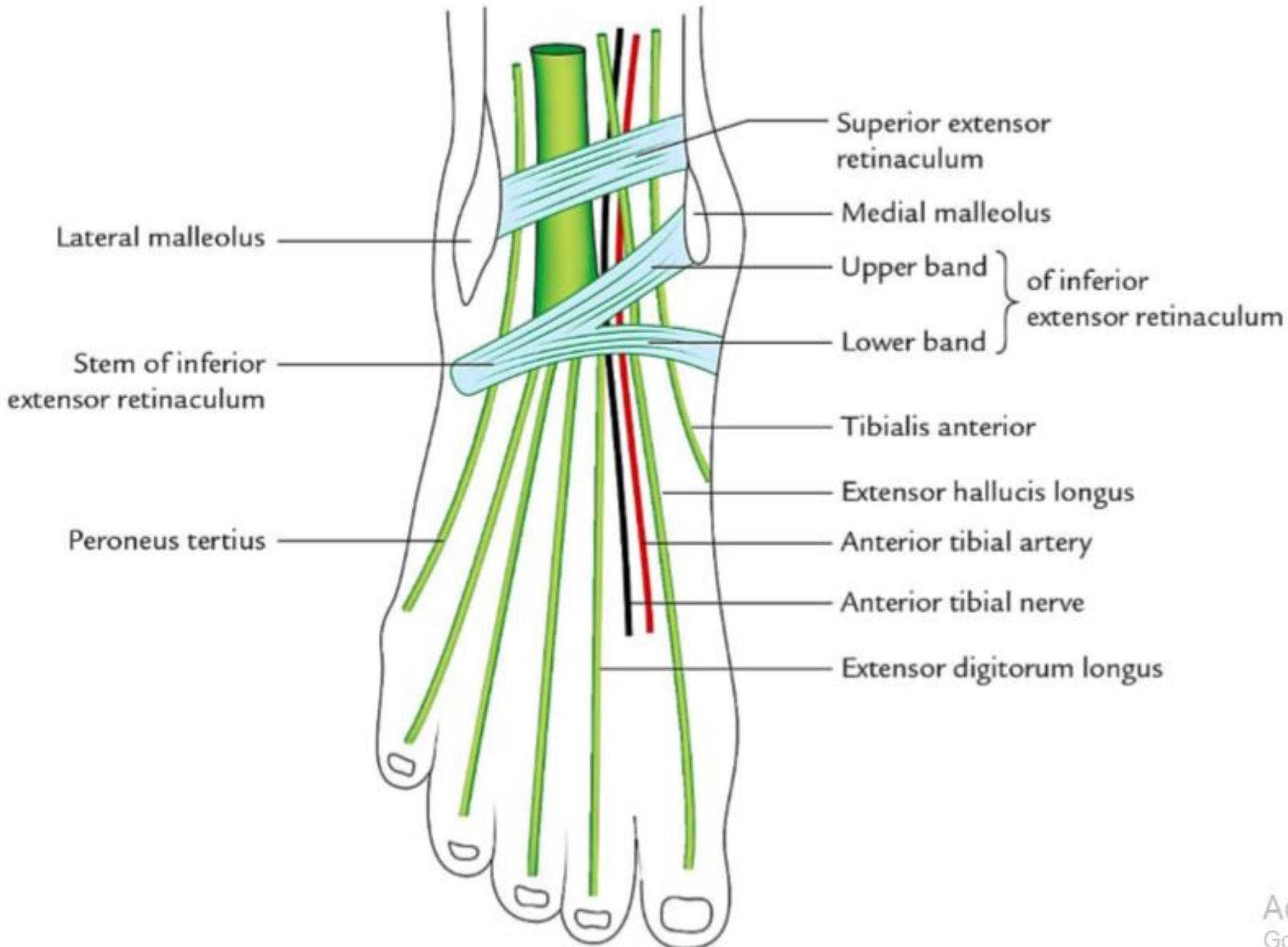
From anterior → posterior

- **Tom TP**
- **David FDL**
- **ANd post. tibial A, Tibial N**
- **Harry FHL**



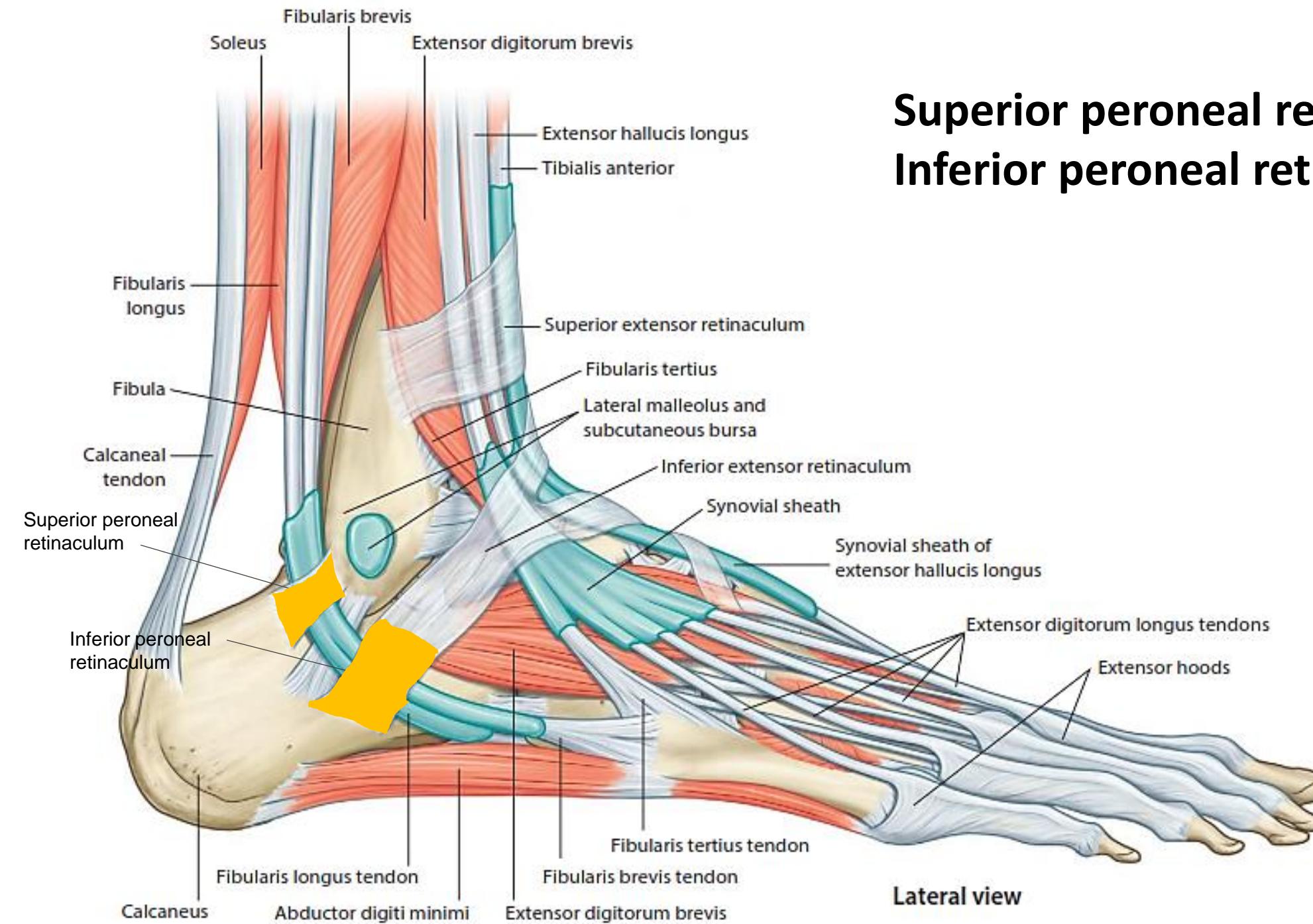
# Extensor retinaculum





# Superior peroneal retinaculum

# Inferior peroneal retinaculum



# Palpation of dorsalis pedis & post. Tibial arts.

